The New-York Times.

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INTERESTING FROM NEW-ORLEANS

Arrival of the Clinton and Morning Star

The Good Health of the City.

The Return of Military Gov. Shepley.

COTTON FROM UP THE RIVER

Contraband Traffic on the Texas Coast.

THE MISSISSIPPI MARAUDERS.

Capture and Recapture of the Steam-Tug Leviathan.

The *Morning Star*, Capt. J. M. COURTENAY, arrived at her wharf at an early hour yesterday, having left New-Orleans on the 22d, at 9 A. M. The bar pilot who brought the *Morning Star* out of South-west Pass, reported that the small tug *Leviathan*, then lying under the guns of the *De Soto*, was boarded the night before (Sept. 21) by a party of men who came out in a small boat from shore, took possession of the tug and carried her out to sea. Two or three gunboats were lying by when the tug was taken, but the loss was not discovered till the *Leviathan* was several miles out in the Gulf. At daylight the *De Soto* signaled one of the other gunboats, and both put out after the tug. They overhauled her 20 miles out, captured her and brought her back, with all on board, to the Pass. The men who attempted to "confiscate" the tug were brought back in irons.

The *Morning Star* has experienced very boisterous weather during the entire passage, at times encountering gales. At 9 A. M. of the 24th, the wind blowing heavily in squalls from northeast, the barometer fell to 28.67. In the Mississippi River, was spoken by United States gunboat *Hieneilla*; all well; wished to be reported.

In lat. 34° 41' North, lon. 83° 20', Sept. 24, exchanges signals with steamer *Locust Point*, bound West.

Sept. 25. Tortugas light east by south, distance 20 miles, was boarded by United States gunboat *Sunflower* on a cruise; all well on board. Same date, 6 P. M., Sand Key light bearing north, distant 12 miles, exchanged signals with steamship *Evening Star* bound west. Sept. 27. Cape Hatteras light bearing west, distant 12 miles, passed a steamer, supposed to be the *Columbia*, bound south.

The gunboat *Arcouset* had also arrived for repairs.

The paroled Vicksburgh prisoners at Mobile are suffering the greatest hardships for want of care and food, and openly declare that if they are forced into the field again they will leave in the first battle.

It is reckoned of the 20,000 men paroled at Vicksburgh, not more than 4,000 will ever be forced into the ranks.

Gold had declined at New-Orleans to 172½ per cent. premium.

The *Clinton* has a number of passengers, the mails, and 50 paroled rebel officers, together with a large cargo of sugar, cotton and oil.

OUR NEW-ORLEANS CORRESPONDENCE

The Weather and the Public Health—Gen. Shepley's Arrival—Cotton from Natchez—Important Prizes—Guerrillas.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, Sept. 22, 1863.

After an "heated term" of extraordinary severity, the weather has suddenly grown cool, and to those in robust health, it is particularly refreshing. The next official report of deaths for the week will, no doubt, show an alarming increase of mortality, for it is a melancholy fact, founded on all past experience, that the sick or even the weak convalescent, by these sudden changes die like tender tropical plants touched with frost. The City of New-Orleans, however, is exceedingly healthy, and has been so all Summer. There has not been a case of yellow fever, at least such a one as an old experienced practitioner would pronounce genuine. There have been fevers common to all climates, originated, no doubt, by the extreme heat, but nothing more. When it is considered how many Northern and Western troops have been here all Summer, and how careless these troops are, as a rule, of all sanitary laws, it is indeed wonderful how exempt they and the citizens of this place have been from disease. An effective quarantine, thorough drainage, clean streets and clean yards have triumphed over the plague, and it will be the fault of the people here in all time to come if the place is ever decimated by the pestilence that has, more than all other things combined, kept the "Crescent City" from becoming a competitor for metropolitan splendor with New-York.

The arrival of Gen. SHEPLEY here was greeted with satisfaction by the people generally. One of the early comers, he has gone through and witnessed the various phases that city has exhibited since it was "taken by the Federals." He remembers the difficulties which beset the path of all in authority who first attempted to restore the city to the Union; and his long residence—long in these troublous times—has given Gen. SHEPLEY a mass of experience that is invaluable to him as Chief Magistrate of the State and city. I would say in this connection that a large mass of the people are desirous of having the privilege of voting for their public officers. I believe a Committee of distinguished citizens recently waited on Gen. SHEPLEY, to urge upon him the importance of speedily ordering such an election. I have not heard the result, but I believe the General very properly desires that when the civil rights of the people of this State are restored, a large part of the State, larger than is now under our absolute control, should enjoy the benefits of such a privilege. It should be remembered, however, that for more than a year we have had more than half of the entire population of Louisiana under the old flag. The regions not in this category are large in size, so far as land and bayous are concerned, but not over crowded with population. The sentiment, however, for a State and municipal election has been started, and it will grow daily more and more effective until the demand is met and the people gratified. The result, I think, will be beneficial in the State and have a moral effect on the Union and abroad. I do not believe that the people of Louisiana, once more permitted to control their own destiny, will be swift to trifle with their privileges or rights, without due consideration, as they did some two years ago, heading into rebellion.

On Saturday night last, a steamer arrived here from Natchez with some five hundred and ninety bales of cotton on board; some fifteen hundred more are to follow in a few days, if transportation can be had. I have never been able to understand why the authorities here not encouraged in every possible way the bringing in of cotton, or anything else of value, within our lines. That there should be most stringent regulations about taking things out is just and proper. Had the policy announced by Gen. BUTLER in his letter to ANDREW JOHNSON, that he would protect the sugar and cotton of JEFF DAVIS, if it was brought into the city for sale, been carried out, we should now have in our city, up to this time, at least a quarter of a million of bales, the profits of which to the merchants and lawyers, and the duties paid to the Government, would have materially benefited the people here, and added a large sum to the United States Treasury. As it is, the embarrassments thrown in the way of commercial intercourse on both sides, is culminating in the present renewed destruction of the cotton on the part of the rebels, a loss less felt by the owners, because of the difficulties they have experienced in endeavoring to get their property within our lines.

There are several rich prizes now at Quarantine waiting for a clean bill of health to permit their coming up to the city. One of these is the merchant steamer *Wavis*, captured while coming from Havana, bound for any port in Florida. The cargo is a return of the product of a load of cotton run out of Mobile. There is also the merchant steamer *Alabama*. I have not heard of what her cargo consists. The *Alice Vivian*, it is said, has a thousand bales of cotton on board. The merchant steamer *Montgomery*, captured on the same day with the *Alabama*. The steamer *Fox*, which was destroyed a few days since off Chandeleur Islands, is the same vessel that Capt. WALKER, a paroled Confederate prisoner, some months ago captured at the mouth of the Mississippi, and escaped to Mobile, where he received an ovation. There has nothing been heard of the *Fox* until her timely end was announced as burned by one of our blockading vessels.

The prize *Atlantic*, of which much has already been published in the Northern papers, bound for this port, has not been heard from. There is no doubt but that the prize-crew and officers were overpowered by the prisoners on board, and the vessel now, no doubt, is in some Confederate port, or more likely at Havana or Nassau. The prize-master was Acting Ensign MILLER, said to have been an excellent officer; his crew consisted of four men. The Captain of the *Atlantic* and four of his crew was with MILLER. The blockade Captain was an old hand at the rascality, having served at the business in the Crimean war. He threatened that he would get his vessel back, or rather that he would play some trick on the United States authorities, and he did it. It is supposed that the prize-crew was plied with liquor, as there was a quantity on board of the *Atlantic*, and in this condition they were overpowered. It is to be hoped that no worse fate than capture has befallen them or their unfortunate commander.

Speaking about blockaders, I would say that most of their prizes are from the mouth of the Rio Grande. I have talked with a number of the prisoners taken on board of these blockaders, and brought here as witnesses against their vessels about affairs at *Matamoras and Brownsville. They inform me that an immense business is being done at both places, shipping cotton from Texas and sending goods back again into the heart of the Confederacy. They say that the cotton from Texas, when it arrives at Brownsville, is immediately ferried across the narrow river on to the Mexican shore; it is then, in presence of our fleet, put on board of foreign vessels and carried away. From the most careful inquiry I could not learn that there were three hundred Confederate troops at Brownsville. Some of the witnesses said they were in the place two or three weeks at a time and never saw a soldier; others remember seeing one or two straggling companies. Fort Brown was a one time dismantled, the guns having been taken to the interior. When shall we have their gate-way of treachery shut up? Between Charleston and them let us have possession of Brownsville in the mouth of the Rio Grande.*

There is at present a guerrilla force operating in Mississippi under Col. LOGAN, composed of some fifteen hundred men, which is doing an immense sight of damage to the local inhabitants of every vicinity they visit. It is not according to their tactics to risk their valuable lives by making war upon the enemy, (the National forces,) but they confine their work exclusively to the unhappy citizens of the Confederacy. Their only aim seems to be to burn and destroy what little of value is left on the plantations that already have been so often robbed by the orders of the benign Government at Richmond. A few days since LOGAN and some of his men made a dash upon the vicinity of Natchez, and before they were alarmed enough to leave the neighborhood they burned some 800 bales of cotton almost within the suburbs of the city, certainly not five miles from the river bluff. This cotton belonged to several planters, who were keeping it until such time as they could with safety bring it within the National lines, and be enabled to sell it for their own and their creditors' benefit. The people of the State—the few the conscription has left at home—are very much exasperated at this wanton destruction of their property. The Confederate Government is too weak to afford them protection, but leaves them the victims of land pirates and robbers, who destroy what little they have, rather than it should fall into the hands of those who are fighting for the Union. I know of no people whose position is so wretched as these Southern planters who have, up to date, saved a little from the wreck of their once splendid fortunes. It is safe to say that the wealthy men of the South everywhere were more or less conservative; they were always willing to move slowly, and were dragooned finally into supporting overt rebellion by the fear of losing their property. They have given, and given, until been robbed from time to time as the rebel military authorities saw fit; and now, when the same authority is demolished in a fair struggle of honorable warfare, instead of acting the part of an honorable foe, and submitting to the fate of war, the Confederates send their guerrilla troops scouring through the already desolated land, to burn and destroy what little rebel rapacity had left. Verily, the way of rebellion is hard, and each day develops the fact to its unhappy victims. There is but little use in attempting to catch the gang of land pirates commanded by LOGAN. He has mounted his men in the finest racehorse region of the United States, and I am told that, whenever he finds a good horse on any plantation, he immediately exchanges it for the poorest one in his command. In this way he keeps his men splendidly mounted, and rides from one section to another with almost incredible quickness. That he will destroy millions of dollars' worth of cotton in Mississippi alone, there cannot be a doubt, but he is a flaming Abolitionist working against the rebel cause, for wherever the footprints of his horses show themselves in the soil, there is left behind black desolation, and a doubly-soured people, who give utterance in silence and darkness to deep and soul-felt imprecations upon the political leaders who fired the Southern heart, and prepared the Southern people for rebellion; and of all men most hated and despised in Mississippi, is LOGAN and his satanic master, JEFF. DAVIS.

REBEL PRISONERS.

From the Era, Sept. 21.

Fifty rebel officers, prisoners of war, were yesterday morning sent North per steamship *Clinton*, to be exchanged. The prisoners were all captured in this Department, principally at Port Hudson, and since the fall of that place have been confined in the different military prisons in New-Orleans.

THE TAX.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA,
NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 21, 1863.

Owners and holders of cotton in the City of New-Orleans, are hereby notified to report the same to this office immediately, for assessment of the excise tax thereon. Hereafter the excise tax on all cotton arriving at New-Orleans will be assessed before the cotton is delivered to consignees.

WM. H. HIGGINS,
Assessor, District of Louisiana.

COTTON.

From the Picayune, Sept. 20.

Bolls and samples of cotton of this season's growth continue to pour in upon us. It appears that the high prices of last year induced most every one having a spare piece of ground to plant the seeds of the great staple. We have before us an opened boll raised by our fellow-citizen THOMAS FARROW, in his garden, opposite Tivoli Circle, only a few hundred yards from our sanctum. It has a very silky, glossy appearance, and would do credit to some of the sea Islands. We have also a boll from the Courtarvon plantation, 16 miles below the city, where it is expected a good quantity is being will be realized. Also, a sample of Sea Island, or which will pass for such, from the Third District. It is worth at this time, comparing to other qualities, two dollars per pound.

FROM CHARLESTON HARBOR.

THE PROGRESS OF OPERATIONS.

PLANTING GUNS UNDER FIRE

DESCRIPTION OF THE REBEL WORKS.

HONORS TO GEN. GILMORE.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

OUR KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The transport *Arago*, Capt. GARDNER, from Charleston Bar 26th, at 9:30 A. M., arrived yesterday, making the run in 35 hours. She brings 90 first and 170 second class passengers and the usual mails. There is nothing new to report from the army or navy.

REPORTS OF DESERTERS.

A gentleman direct from Morris Island states that, a few days before he left, seven deserters arrived there from Sullivan's Island. Their story is that after the blowing up of the magazine of Fort Moultrie, and fully expecting a continuance of the shelling the following day, the rebels made preparations for the removal of their best guns, with the intention of evacuating the Island. But ending the next morning that the shelling was not renewed, they concluded to wait a little longer.

These deserters reached Morris Island under the following circumstances: Several officers belonging to the garrison of Fort Moultrie, who had gone out yachting, went ashore at some point in the Bay, leaving their yacht in charge of three seven soldiers, two of whom acted as guard. *As soon as the shore party* were far enough away to make the attempt practicable, the soldiers, guards and all formed the plan of making use of the opportunity afforded them of placing themselves under the protection of the Stars and Stripes. So the sails were hoisted, the yacht swung off from her moorings, and the adventurers reached the American camp in safety. The yacht is said to be a very fine craft.

OUR MORRIS ISLAND CORRESPONDENCE.

Activity of the Rebels—Fort Johnson—The Works on James' Island—The Works on Sullivan's Island—Fresh Flickers and Mirbey—Fort Sumter—A Rebel Ram.

MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., Monday, Sept. 28, 1863.

Yesterday and last night considerable firing was going on at the front. Since the evacuation of Morris Island the enemy has not evinced a strong disposition to meddle with the land forces, if we may except the past 24 hours, when it would seem as if he was trying to revive old recollections. From a James' rifle on Fort Johnson he hurls a whizzing shell every now and then, which generally finds a resting-place somewhere in the vicinity of Wagner or Gregg. Perhaps the fact of our doing a little spading in that vicinity has served to awaken BEAUREGARD, who doubtless entertains a vague idea that his cannon will compel the workmen to drop their implements and at the same time abandon the task before them. But on that point he is much mistaken. The troops in this department are not so easily terrified, and will prosecute the scheme they have undertaken until the whole work shall have been completed. Fort Johnson, on account of a favorable position, has figured conspicuously in the siege operations, from the very commencement. When our parallels were being constructed, and before the necessary traverses were thrown up, the workmen were exposed to the fire of Johnson more than that of any other work. As the sappers advanced nearer and nearer to Wagner, Johnson became more furious, and threw shot as if the weal or woe of the rebel cause depended solely upon its efforts. At that time Johnson was scarcely needed by our gunners, the grand points of attack being Sumter, Wagner and Gregg. But now, inasmuch as Morris Island has changed proprietors, and the works which occasioned so much fine artillery practice have shared the fate of the soil, time is afforded to bestow a little closer attention on points nearer Charleston. Just to test the range yesterday, one of our gunners on the left, fired six pieces twice, putting a wholesome quantity of metal into Johnson each time. That simply shows what can be done, and proves the correctness of Gen. GILLMORE's remark, that the enemy cannot shell him without being shelled.

I have made previous mention of a line of earthworks on the east edge of James' Island, which seems to extend from the bay on the north to Lighthouse Inlet on the south. At the extreme northern end of the line is Battery Simpkins, which has taken an active part in the defence of the island. With that single exception, the remaining batteries composing the line, have not merited the name of batteries. A few guns, the number certainly not exceeding half-a-dozen, have been noted by the flash emitted; but the projectiles failed to reach even our left battery. It is supposed that along the southern portion of the line field pieces have been distributed which would indicate the work to be of a defensive character, although it could be readily used for offensive purposes. The enemy has evidently concentrated his heavy ordnance at the northern end of the island, with a view of turning it upon the fleet in case that branch of the service should exhibit the astounding temerity of advancing within range.

The rebel works on Sullivan's Island have been silent for some time. It cannot be doubted that all the damage done to the works by the iron-clads two weeks ago has been thoroughly repaired, and if another attack should be made it will only be an attempt to achieve that which was once gained. It is useless to deny the immense advantage secured by the rebels since the last attack on the Sullivan's Island batteries. They have not been molested for a moment in their work of strengthening and building, and if every little mole-hill is not converted into a bastion ere this, it is not because time and opportunity interfered with the execution of the design. Fort Moultrie is probably stronger to-day than it was before the attack, for the simple reason that it has been let alone too long.

Up to this moment, Forts Pinckney and Ripley have taken a very modest part in the proceedings. Neither of the works seems to be supplied with guns of sufficient calibre to seriously damage an object beyond the inner harbor. On the night the navy expedition attempted to occupy Sumter, they fired upon that work, as they did also a few nights preceding that event on a steamer which happened to contain a number of rebels. It is clearly the object of the enemy to reserve the fire of both forts for anything that may occur within short range of their guns.

Dilapidated Sumter still continues to be an object of interest, not on account of what it can do, but what it has done. It is garrisoned by a small force, who keep a vigilant watch on all sides, day and night, lest another attempt should be made to scale its crumbling walls. As far as can be learned, it is not intended by the rebels to hold the fort against a powerful and determined effort to seize it, but, when the time comes, to slip away, and then test the ability of our own forces to hold it, by turning upon it all their available guns. The impossibility of our occupying a work which would be the prominent object of attack from all quarters was conceded long ago, and it is not likely Sumter will be in our possession till the batteries on Sullivan's Island have been silenced and taken.

The rebel ram which lies just off the piers of Charleston does not present an imposing appearance by any means, viewing it from Fort Gregg. A small dark mass, rising a few feet above the surface of the water, is all that is visible. Its position is seldom changed, and it will evidently remain in snug quarters so long as the iron-clads are within sight. It is believed by the more sanguine rebels that this single ram will be able to cope successfully with the entire iron-clad fleet when past Sumter. *Per contra*, our naval officers do not hesitate to assert that one monitor can sink the ram in about fifteen minutes. But as it would be quite beyond the reach of expectation to look for a practical solution of this naval problem, each party will have the privilege of enjoying undisturbed, for an indefinite period of time, his own cherished opinion.

A Salute from the Ironsides—A Grand Review—The Colored Brigade—Gen. Gillmore and Admiral Dahlgren—Canonization.

MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., Friday, Sept. 25, 1863.

The only event of interest that occurred last Wednesday was the firing of a salute from the *Ironsides* in honor of Maj.-Gen. GILLMORE. Both the army and navy here acknowledge, in an appropriate manner, the consideration bestowed by the President on that able and successful engineer.

Yesterday, for the first time since the forces have been on the island, a grand review of the entire division was ordered. The ceremony took place on the beach at 10 A. M., that being the hour of low tide. In fact, there was but little choice as to the time of day the affair should come off, for the reason that the water at high tide completely submerges the beach close up to the camps. The line was formed in double column, and extended a distance of two miles, the artillery occupying a position on the extreme left. The general features of the review were the *same as witnessed in every similar review. The* men presented an excellent appearance, and performed the various evolutions with that celerity and accuracy which betokens discipline and efficiency. One brigade—the colored troops—commanded by Col. M. S. LITTLEFIELD, deserves special mention for their unexceptionable military conduct. Never before have the colored soldiers in the Department of the South been formed in brigade, and placed in line as such with the remainder of the column, when reviewed in a body. They handled their muskets and obeyed the marching and step orders in a manner not inferior in the least degree to any brigade of white soldiers on parade. It speaks well for the men themselves, and it reflects more than ordinary credit upon the officers in charge that this brigade is capable of acquitting itself so commendably. To Col. LITTLEFIELD, who has labored assiduously to produce this wished-for result, and who has on several occasions given evidence of his patriotism and fidelity, a full share of praise should be awarded. Like all reviews of any importance, this one was tedious to the spectator, who has nothing else to do but gaze. It is no easy matter to stand three hours watching a column of troops go through the ceremony of a review. For the participants, who are bound by military rule to observe strict military decorum, the task is much more difficult, which is still increased when another hour is added to the time, as it was on this occasion. The review, as will doubtless be supposed, was by Gen. GILLMORE, accompanied by Brig.-Gen. TERRY, the Commandant of the Post, and the several staff officers of each. When arriving at the head of the column, Gen. GILLMORE was saluted by the artillery with thirteen rounds. The reviewing party then rode down the line in front, returned on the opposite side, and took a position a little to the left of the centre, when the entire mass of troops passed by, and marched, each regiment to its respective quarters. Thus ended the largest and most brilliant review ever witnessed in the Department.

An impression having gained considerable ground in the North to the effect that Gen. GILLMORE and Admiral DAHLGREN are and have been at variance in regard to the matter of prosecuting military operations before Charleston, it may be well to state on the best authority that no foundation exists for such a belief. Both parties well understood before embarking on the expedition the work each was expected to perform. That the capture of Morris Island and the reduction of Fort Sumter ended the programme laid out for Gen. GILLMORE is freely admitted by all concerned. A correspondence passed some time ago between the two commanders relative to the exact condition of Sumter, Gen. GILLMORE maintaining that the fort was practically and effectually silenced, while Admiral DAHLGREN entertained a suspicion that the structure contained guns in working order on the channel side. Although this difference of opinion existed, the parties expressed their views in terms plain but free from all animosity. By reason of Admiral DAHLGREN, Gen. GILLMORE ordered that the land batteries should be again turned on Sumter, the firing to be continued for one day. The bombardment was accordingly reopened, but revealed no new results. Since then the navy has not had occasion to operate directly with the army,—a circumstance which prevents the interest of the one from conflicting with that of the other, and favors the supposition that the friendly relations between the commanding officers are not in any way impaired.

Quite a number of civilians have suddenly made their appearance on the island.

CASUALTIES.

The following completes the list of casualties to date:

Capt. Joseph Woodruff, Co. K, 39th Illinois—killed.
Henry Diehl, Co. G, 1st. New-York—killed.
Wm. Nicholson, Co. G, 1st. New-York—killed.
Sergt. Joseph Horner, Co. G, 1st. New-York—wounded, slightly.
Herman Moses, Co. G, 1st. New-York—slightly.
J. Hardie, Co. F, 100th New-York—thigh, died.
Sergt. Clark, Co. A, Vol. Eng.—wounded.
James Morgan, Co. A, Vol. Eng.—wounded.
Corp. Johnson, Co. A, Vol. Eng.—wounded.
R. Driggs, Co. A, Vol. Eng.—wounded.
A. Lilly, Co. G, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
B. Farfetter, Co. D, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
Lewis S. Goodshaw, Co. D, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
J. Wambold, Co. D, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
H. Miller, Co. D, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
J. Stone, Co. F, 104th Pennsylvania—slightly.
Thos. T. Stevens, Co. F, 104th Pennsylvania—died.
Silas Crotts, Co. H, 39th Illinois—died.
Jno. Harriett, Co. A, 39th Illinois—slightly.
J. Martin, Co. B, 39th Illinois—slightly.
Jas. R. Cevey, Co. B, 39th Illinois—slightly.
Geo. Burke, Co. B, 39th Illinois—killed.
J. Nelson, Co. F, 39th Illinois—slightly.
Geo. Cutler, Co. D, 39th Illinois—seriously.
C. H. L. Roberts, Co. G, 39th Illinois—slightly.
Sam'l C. Wolf, Co. F, 10th Indiana—right shoulder.
Samuel W. Whitman, Co. D, 13th Indiana—contusion right foot.
Joseph Parkinson, Co. F, 67th Ohio—dead.
Francis Grisedi, Co. F, 67th Ohio—dead.
Wm. Scott, Co. C, 7th New-Hampshire—thigh fractured.
A. Spencer, Co. C, 7th New-Hampshire—right foot, amputated.
Silas Devell, Co. F, 85th Pennsylvania—right leg.
Geo. W. Crawford, Co. E, 76th Ohio—right foot, amputated.
Wm. B. Rich, Co. F, 4th New-Hampshire—right ankle, amputated.
G. Wagner, Co. D, 1st. New-York—right leg, amputated.
Sergt. Thos. Mack, Co. A, 4th New-Hampshire—fracture.
Peter Riley, Co. H, 2d Rhode Island artillery—right leg and knee.
David K. Gunkle, Co. C, 97th Pennsylvania—left thigh, dead.
John E. Perdice, Co. B, 39th Illinois—left thigh, amputated.
Z. Claney, Co. H, 63d Ohio—contusion right knee.
Alonzo Smith, Co. E, 9th Maine—both thighs, dead.
John Ryan, Co. F, 117th New-York—lung, dead.

WHIT.

ADDITIONAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

Arrival of the City of Washington.

Interesting Extracts from Our Files.

Destitution of the Florida's Crew.

They Threaten to Burn the Vessel.

THE MEXICAN CROWN.

Rumored Recognition of the South by Maximilian.

THE POLISH INSURRECTION.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Inman steamer *City of Washington*, Capt. BROCK, which left Liverpool at noon on the 16th, and Queenstown on the 17th September, arrived here last evening.

The *North American* arrived off Londonderry on the evening of the 16th, and reached Liverpool shortly after noon on the 16th.

The *Eider* arrived at Liverpool at 11 o'clock on the night of the 14th.

The *City of London* arrived at Queenstown at about 2 P. M. on the 16th, and at Liverpool on the forenoon of the 16th.

Rev. W. H. CHANNING had been lecturing in Liverpool on the American question. He predicted an early peace through the triumph of the North.

The Dutch papers announce that the Consul-General of Holland and all the Dutch Consuls have been ordered to quit Japan immediately. Orders have been issued at the Hague for the dispatch of four vessels-of-war to Japan to be employed as the Consuls may deem advisable, or to act in concert with England, if desirable.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

THE EMANCIPATION SOCIETY.

THE EMANCIPATION SOCIETY TO EARL RUSSELL.

The Emancipation Society has addressed the following letter to Earl RUSSELL, as a rejoinder to his reply to their first remonstrance:

MY LORD: The Executive Committee of the Emancipation Society have carefully considered the reply of your Lordship to the memorial relative to the steam rams for the Confederates in course of being fitted out in the Mersey.

The subsequent very satisfactory action of Government, in causing the vessels to be detained pending investigation, relieves the Committee from the necessity of referring to that portion of the reply which related to the difficulty of obtaining evidence to justify the Government in enforcing the Foreign Enlistment Act, further than to say if any such difficulty exists, it is one to be overcome by the officials of the crown, and not by private citizens.

The Committee would further venture to remind your Lordship that while the Foreign Enlistment Act is directed against those British subjects who unauthorizedly equip such ships, the crown is not fettered by any statute in dealing with the foreign belligerent who attempts to use our ports in a manner calculated to infringe the neutrality proclaimed by Her Majesty.

The Committee further hope that your Lordship will not overlook the fact *that vessels similar to those in the Mersey are being fitted out in the Clyde for the same destination.*

The Confederate vessel *Japan*, now called the *Georgia*, left that river after the *Alexandra* was seized at Liverpool, and immediately commenced the disgraceful career of burning merchant vessels on the high seas—a proceeding which, your Lordship is aware, is utterly opposed to the international laws regulating maritime warfare. The persons responsible for that vessel must have obtained a false clearance from the Customs officials; and the Committee would express a hope that the Government will give such instructions to the officials at all the ports as in future effectually to prevent these evasions of the law, and of the Queen's proclamation of neutrality, by Her Majesty's subjects, whether in England or Scotland.

We have the honor to be, your Lordship's most obedient servants,

WILLIAM EVANS,
Chairman.

F. W. CHESSON, Honorary Secretary.

EMANCIPATION SOCIETY OFFICES, No. 65 FLEET-STREET, Sept. 15, 1863.

EARL RUSSELL'S REPLY TO THE EMANCIPATION SOCIETY.

The following reply to the memorial forwarded to Earl RUSSELL by the President of the Union and Emancipation Society has been received from the Foreign Office:

FOREIGN OFFICE, Sept. 14, 1863.

SIR: I am directed by Earl RUSSELL to state to you, in reply to your memorial of the 1st inst., that Her Majesty's Government have long had their attention turned to the question of building and fitting vessels of war for the so-called Confederate States, and the subject will continue to receive their anxious consideration.

I am, Sir, your most obedient humble servant,

E. HAMMOND.

T. B. POTTER, Esq., &c., No. 51 Piccadilly, Manchester.

THE FLORIDA.

The Paris *Moniteur*, of the 16th, says:

"The steamer *Florida* is not a privateer, as was believed. She forms part of the military marine of the Confederate States, and her officers are furnished with regular commissions. The *Florida* has all the character of an ordinary vessel-of-war."

DESTITUTION OF THE FLORIDA'S CREW.

The Liverpool *Post*, of the 16th, says:

"The crew of the *Florida* are now in Liverpool. They are 95 in number, and are nearly all in a great state of destitution. The paragraphs in the pro-Confederate papers, stating that immense sums as wages and prize-money were paid to them, were pure fabrications. Many of the men are Irishmen, all fine, athletic fellows, full of determination. They were originally taken from the Confederate army, and, according to their statements, pressed on board. On their arrival at Brest they asked for wages, for, during eighteen months, they received only $10 each. There was no money forthcoming, and, being in a neutral port, they were bold in their demands. Capt. MAFFITT, they say, then charged them with mutiny, put some of them in irons, but ultimately discharged them all. Before discharging them he gave each an acknowledgment for sums varying from $100 to $130. The order was signed by Paymaster DAVIS and Commander MAFFITT. This money they were to receive from Messrs. FRAZER & Co., Liverpool, and they were accompanied by an officer who paid their passage. On arriving in Liverpool Messrs. FRAZER & Co. repudiated the claim. The officer who accompanied them had a letter to Capt. BULLOCH, but had been unable to see the Captain. The men are in great distress and are full of anger with every party concerned. They even threaten to go back to Brest and burn the *Florida*. They had better not."

THE FRENCH PAMPHLET.

From the Paris Correspondence of the London Herald.

A work from the pen of MICHEL CHEVALIER, the celebrated political economist, entitled *Le Mexique*, is the conversation of the day. He visited that country in 1844. It is scarcely to be called a political work. It embraces the natural history and the original conquest of Mexico, and the early civilization of the people, as far as can be learnt from Spanish historians. His own conjectures are, however, the most interesting portion of the book.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Morning Post* learns that it is not the intention of the Government at Washington to throw any difficulty in the way of French schemes in Mexico, but it is disposed quietly to watch events.

The *Siecle's* Paris correspondent mentions as a rumor that the *pro Governor of Mexico has, in obedience to the instructions of his French ally, recognized the Confederate States.* It may, however, be remarked that until the arrival of the deputation from Mexico with the offer of the crown, and its formal acceptance by the Archduke MAXIMILIAN, such an act would be premature.

THE POLISH QUESTION.

The Russian replies to the notes of the Western Powers indicate that the Czar remains immovable on the Polish question.

A Paris telegram says:

"The Russian reply to the French note is conceived in even more courteous terms than the previous one, and expresses sentiments favorable to the good relations existing between France and Russia."

Prince GORTSCHAKOFF concludes his dispatch in a manner which precludes an anticipation of an early resumption of the discussion between Russia and the three Powers. It is believed that the dispatch in no way changes the situation of affairs.

The Times says that in order to maintaining the necessity for the pacification of Poland before the carrying out of any reforms, Prince GORTSCHAKOFF does not enter into long explanations, in order not to embitter the discussion. He states that Russia agrees to the six points, and will do all in her power to solve the question which is a source of misunderstanding between the Cabinets.

A Vienna dispatch says: "The reply of Prince GORTSCHAKOFF to the Austrian note on the Polish question is brief, and announces a more detailed memorandum will follow. Prince GORTSCHAKOFF considers the six points to have been settled by the previous declaration of Russia. He gratefully acknowledges the pacific sentiments displayed in the Austrian note, and shares Austria's wishes for the welfare of Poland. Prince GORTSCHAKOFF regrets, however, that the expectations based on the diplomatic discussions and their results had not been fulfilled, and that the differences of opinion had not been removed. Prince GORTSCHAKOFF thinks, therefore, that a further prolongation of these discussions appears superfluous. He finally states that Russia assumes the full responsibility of her acts."

According to a Cracow dispatch, engagements resulting in favor of the insurgents took place on the 3d inst. at Bambrow, in the Government of Augustowo; on the 4th at Bejlechow, in Podolia; and on the 8th at Garnow, in Wegwodschaft of Plock.

Count OSTROWSKI, son of the Minister of the Interior, had been arrested, and is said to have been condemned to transportation to Siberia.

LATEST BY THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

QUEENSTOWN, Thursday, Sept. 17.
[BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.]
LONDON, Thursday, Sept. 17.

REPRESENTATION OF TAMWORTH.

Hon. HENRY COWPER comes forward as a supporter of Lord PALMERSTON's Government, and expresses his belief that the wisdom, skill and moderation with which he and his colleagues have conducted public affairs in times of difficulty have contributed to the peace and prosperity which we enjoy, and have deserved well of the country; and with respect to America, he says that while it is not a time to depart from the neutrality we have observed, the Government should resist any encroachments on the rights and observances of international law.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL NEWS.

From the *Times* City Article: "The funds yesterday were inactive, but with a favorable tendency in all other securities. The applications for discount at the Bank were rather numerous, and the rates in the open market are now likely to be maintained till the end of the month."

The *Daily News* says: "In the discount market yesterday, little or no business was transacted below 4 ⅞ cent. The Confederate loan continues to improve. The closing quotation was 26@24 discount, being 1 ⅛ cent. higher."

The *Herald* says although the foreign stock settlement yesterday was one of the heaviest on record, it passed over in a satisfactory manner and without any difficulty. It is stated that six or seven proposals by the principal Frenchcapitalists, including the Credit Mobilier and the International Finance Company, have been sent into the Minister of Finance at Paris to arrange the proposed loan for Mexico.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

The New-York correspondent of the *Times* endeavors to account for the feeling of distrust which had arisen in the New-York money market at the beginning of the month. It is partly ascribed to Mr. CHASE having come into the market as a borrower of fifty millions of dollars to pay the arrears due to the army and navy, and this operation must be repeated in quick succession if the war is to be pushed forward. The non-success of the Federals at Charleston is aggravated by the fact that their attempts to wreak vengeance on South Carolina have already cost the Federal Government the sum of five hundred millions of dollars, which is 200 per cent. more than the value of the fee simple of all Charleston, and it is known that the cost of acquiring Vicksburgh was not less than $40,000,000.

Bankers, brokers and merchants foresee the necessity of further issues of paper, and know that such issues end in a collapse. The harvests in Europe being good, New-York importations will this year have to be balanced, not with corn and flour, as in other times, but with gold. Another source of dejected apprehension is that Gen. LEE will take advantage of the depletion of the Army of the Potomac, many thousands of whose veterans are doing unnecessary duty in the quasi-hostile occupation of the City of New-York, to flank Gen. MEADE and march upon Washington. Besides this, the letter from Mr. LINCOLN to the Springfield Convention puts an extinguisher upon the hopes of peace by showing that, as long as he is President, he will listen to no terms from the South except unconditional surrender. The *Times* correspondent asserts that out of every 100 substitutes who offer themselves for the army, not 3 are Americans, but mainly Irish and Germans.

The Prince and Princess of Wales will leave Scotland next week for Sandringham.

The Very Latest by the City of Washington.

Political news is unimportant.

Arrived from New-York—*Berlin*, at Antwerp; *Elizabeth Young*, at Dublin; *Georgiana* and *Wanderer*, at Glasgow; due, *Tarenil*, at Galway.

MADEIRA.—The ship *Gustave*, from Bremen for Baltimore, put into Ramagate, 15th, seriously damaged, having been in collision.

Financial and Commercial

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Sept. 17.

COTTON—Quieter; sales of two days, 30,000 bales. The advance was partially lost, say about ⅛d. Of the above, speculators and exporters took 16,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—Dull.

PRODUCE—Quiet.

CONSOLS—For money, 93¾@93⅞.

AMERICAN STOCKS—Illinois Central shares, 13 discount; Erie, 38.

CALCUTTA, Saturday, Aug. 29.

Imports dull. COTTON declining. SALTPETRE quiet. LINSEED OIL 1 anna lower. JUTE 2 annas lower. Exchange unaltered. Freights improving.

BOMBAY, Aug. —.

COTTON unchanged. Exchange unaltered. Freights advancing.

CANTON, Tuesday, Aug. 11.

TEA active. Exchange 56d.

SHANGHAI, Tuesday, Aug. 4.

TEA active. SILK—Higher prices demanded. Exchange, 56¾d. Freights, 60s.

Gen. McClellan Serenaded.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Gen. MCCLELLAN arrived here this evening, and was serenaded at the residence of his mother on Spruce-street, above Nineteenth-street, in the presence of a large crowd of his admirers and friends. He returned thanks for the compliment in a neat address. He is expected to be present at the State Fair in Norristown on Thursday.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The shipments of Eastward bound produce, with the addition of one hundred empty cars, are now returning, and similar daily returns will fully relieve all pressure on westward bound freight, independent of the Government service.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

THE BURNING OF THE BAKERY IN FULTON-STREET.—The investigation in this case was resumed yesterday morning before Justice Dowling at the Tombs. Mary Ann Mathews, John Middleton, Nathaniel G. Dayton, Charles Macy, Policeman John Kehoe, David Board and Mary Ann Wigbern were examined at length on the part of Mr. Wilson and those of his employes who are charged with having set fire to the bakery. The gist of their evidence was, that at the time Mrs. Larkin, the complainant, says the building was first on the morn the latter were all away from that place, and were not there during the day or evening in question. In fact it would seem, if their testimony is to be believed—and the witnesses are all of a respectable character—a perfect alibi is to each and every one of them has been fully established. Mr. Dayton, whose place of business was directly opposite the bakery, testified that he had often heard Mrs. Larkin use the most abusive language to Mr. Wilson, calling him the murderer of her husband, and creating a great disturbance in the street. Mrs. Larkin was recalled, but she testified to nothing which tended to strengthen her case, or which threw any light on the transaction. The examination will be resumed on Friday morning next at the same place.

CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of New-York, will assemble to-day, at 10 o'clock A. M., in St. John's Chapel, Varick-street. The religious services will be conducted by the Bishop, assisted by a number of the clergy. The sermon will be preached by Rev. DR. TYNG, Rector of St. George's, Stuyvesant-square. The Bishop's annual address is usually delivered on the second day of the session, soon after the commencement of the business of the day. This evening there will be a full musical service at Trinity Chapel, at 7 o'clock, by the Church Choir Union. MR. CUTTER, the organist of Trinity Church, takes the organ, and the choir of Trinity will lead in the responses. There will be no sermon. A collection will be made, in aid of the funds of the Union.

THE EIGHTH DISTRICT.—The number that report in this district has been diminished to such an extent that it ceases to be an object of public interest, only three having appeared yesterday. The principal work of the Board of Enrollment is confined to the acceptance of substitutes, about a dozen of whom are daily sent to the military rendezvous at Riker's Island. Yesterday, the Surgeons, DRS. WOODWARD, extracted a rifle ball from a substitute, which he received in the battle of Cross Keys. He was otherwise sound, and, after operation, went with his comrades to the Island.

ROUNDED BY A WOMAN.—EDWARD FLANAGAN, of No. 198 Mott-street, appeared yesterday before Justice QUACKENBOSS, at the Jefferson Police Court, and made a complaint against ANNA MCDONALD, whom he charges with having robbed him of the sum of $63 in Treasury notes, at a house in Sullivan-street. The money was not recovered. Officer VAN ORDEN, of the Eighth Precinct, arrested ANNA, and Justice QUACKENBOSS committed her in default of $500 bail.

DEATH OF AN OLD CITIZEN.—DAVID AUSTEN, Esq., an old resident of this City, who formerly was one of our leading auctioneers, and a gentleman very generally esteemed, died on Monday at Clifton, Staten Island. He was 66 years of age. His funeral will take place at 10 A. M. to-day, at Grace Church.

WILL OF REV. DR. BERRIAN.—The hearing of the case of this will was commenced yesterday before the Surrogate, but was adjourned for one week, in order to enable the parties to settle, if possible, the matter without litigation.

LAUNCH OF A STEAMSHIP.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamship (screw) *Mystery* will be launched from Messrs. Webb & Bell's yard, at Greenpoint, on Thursday, Oct. 1, at half-past 11 o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF REBEL OFFICERS.—Fifty paroled rebel officers arrived yesterday from New-Orleans, by the steamer *Clinton*. The highest officer is Col. D. W. SHANNON. They were taken prisoners at Port Hudson.

To the Pursers of the steamships *Ardgo, Oreole, Morning Star, Constitution, Albany, Clinton, N. P. Banks* and *Ellen S. Terry* we are under obligations for the prompt delivery of our files and correspondence.

THE TRADE BOOK SALE.—The sale still continues with its full attendance and spirited bidding. There is no diminution of either, and thus far it has been one of the most satisfactory sales ever held.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—MONDAY, Sept. 28, 1863.

2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, Number Sixteen City Hall.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, in the Chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Joyce.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

Petition of owners and drivers of licensed hackney coaches, for permission to occupy Chatham-square on Sunday.

In connection therewith, the President offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the within-named petitioners, owners and drivers of licensed hackney coaches, be and they are hereby permitted to occupy the stand in Chatham-square on Sundays, for the purpose mentioned in said petition, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman McCONNELL—

Whereas, The City has entered into a contract for the construction of upwards of seventy sewers, and the various engines housed throughout the City, which makes it necessary to have a much larger room to hold the machinery than at present used by the Central Office of the Fire Telegraph; and

Whereas, The large room adjoining the present Central Fire Telegraph Office is being occupied by the Fire Marshal, who holds his office or position under the City or County government, is required for the use of the City; therefore,

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to give the basement of the southwest corner of the City Hall for the use of the Central Office of the Fire Telegraph.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman O'BRIEN—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Thomas Divine to place a sign around the tree on the south side of East Twenty-third-street, about ten feet from Broadway, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That Samuel S. Smith be and he is hereby permitted to continue his stand in front of premises number six Division-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That permission be and it is hereby given to Thomas Duffy to keep a fruit stand on the south-west corner of Ninth-avenue and Forty-first-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That the sidewalk of Tenth-avenue (west side) between number five hundred and fifteen and Forty-third-street be flagged full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That Fifty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brice—

Resolved, That curb and gutter stones be set in Barrow-street, between Washington-street and the river, not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, to build sewer in Cornelia-street, between Fourth and Bleecker-streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, to pay claim of John McGray.

Which was laid over.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

The Assistant Private Secretary of His Honor the Mayor appeared, and presented a message returning without approval resolution giving permission to JOHN REINHOLD to place a barber's pole in front of number eighty-two Fulton-street.

Which was received, directed to be entered at length, published in two of the Corporation papers, and laid on the table for ten days.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution that the election poll of the Eleventh Election District of the Seventh Ward be held at number two hundred and seventy-nine Monroe-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the election poll of the First Election District of the Sixth Ward be changed from number one Pearl-street to number eight Chambers-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the election polls of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Districts of the Eighth Ward, be held at the following-named places:

Seventh District—Ninety-five West Houston-street.

Eighth District—One hundred and forty-two Varick-street.

Ninth District—One hundred and eighty Varick-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the election polls of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Election Districts of the Twenty-first Ward, be held at the following places until otherwise ordered by the Common Council:

First District—One hundred and thirty-seven East Twenty-eighth-street.

Second District—Eighty-four to Ninety-four, southeast corner of Thirty-ninth-street.

Third District—One thousand one hundred and forty-six Second-avenue, southeast corner of Third-avenue.

Fourth District—One thousand one hundred and forty-six Broadway.

Which was concurred in.

Preamble, reciting the arrival of vessels of the Russian navy in our harbor, with resolutions, first, that the hospitalities of the City be tendered to the officers of the Russian vessels; second, that (if the Board of Councilmen appear) the Special Committee of the Common Council, heretofore appointed, be directed to make suitable arrangements for the proper reception of the distinguished visitors; and third, the recovery of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be suitably engrossed, and presented to Rear-Admiral LESOFFSKI.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilman Cook—1.

And the paper was laid over.

Resolution that the First Election District poll of the Thirteenth Ward be changed from number one hundred and seventeen Clinton-street to number one hundred and forty-two Delancey-street.

Which was laid over.

Subsequently, Councilman McCONNELL moved that the above action be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

He then moved that the paper be concurred in.

Which was carried.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Councilman HAYES—

Resolved, That the election polls of the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Eighth Districts of the Fifth Ward be held at the following-named places:

First District of the Fifth Ward at number one hundred and twenty-three Greenwich-street.

Second District of the Fifth Ward at number one hundred and twenty-five West Broadway.

Fourth District of the Fifth Ward at number one hundred and forty-six West Broadway.

Fifth District of the Fifth Ward at number six Hudson-street.

Seventh District of the Fifth Ward at number ——.

Eighth District of the Fifth Ward at number five hundred and sixteen Canal-street.

Which was adopted.

NOTICES.

Councilman Webster moved that the Committee on Donations and Charities be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Treasurer KING, Bloomingdale Baptist Church, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-two cents. Which interest, for taxes on the property in Forty-second-street, for ten years one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and charge the same to the account of donations.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Councilman HAYES moved that the Committee on Donations and Charities be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Treasurer KING, Bloomingdale Baptist Church, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-two cents, with interest, for taxes on the property in Forty-second-street, for ten years one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and charge the same to the account of donations.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Councilman HAYES moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for building a new bridge across the Harlem River, from Third-avenue to Jackson-avenue, in the Twenty-third Ward, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilman Russell—1.

Councilman HAYES called up General Order number six hundred and twenty-three, being a resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Treasurer KING, Bloomingdale Baptist Church, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-two cents, with interest, for taxes on the property in Forty-second-street, for ten years one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and charge the same to the account of donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilman Russell—1.

Councilman HAYES moved that the Committee on Donations and Charities be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Treasurer KING, Bloomingdale Baptist Church, for the sum of one thousand and forty-five dollars and fifty-two cents, with interest, for taxes on the property in Forty-second-street, for ten years one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and charge the same to the account of donations.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Councilman HAYES moved that the Committee on Donations and Charities be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Treasurer KING, Bloomingdale Baptist Church, for the sum of four hundred and thir

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Waitress, by a respectable girl, a place as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamber-work and plain sewing; can show good reference from her last place. Call at No. 9 W. 22d-st., first floor, in the rear; also can be seen at Mrs. Smith's, first floor, in the rear, 128 Fulton-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Waitress, by a respectable Protestant girl, a place as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamber-work and plain sewing; can show good reference from her last place. Call at No. 9 W. 22d-st., first floor, in the rear; also can be seen at Mrs. Smith's, 128 Fulton-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a Protestant woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take charge of a baby from its birth. Best of care given. Can be seen for two days at No. 321 West 30th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG woman wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 12th and 13th sts.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A RESpectable young girl wants a situation as nurse and seamstress in a private family, or would do chamber-work and take care of grown children; has excellent City reference. Can be seen by two days at No. 230 6th-av., between 14th and 15th sts.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTed, by a respectable girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can cut and make all kinds of family sewing; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 72 West 13th-st., first floor, in the rear.

AS CHILD'S NURSE.—A VERY RESPECTable-looking English Protestant girl, age 16, with first-class City references, desires a situation to take care of a child or to travel with a lady. Can be seen at No. 129 Grand-st., second floor, in front.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman to sew at home; can do all kinds of family sewing; can give several years' references from the first families in the City. Can be seen at No. 76 West 30th-st., where she is at present employed.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress in a private family; can do all kinds of sewing; would assist in the chamber-work. If required, can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 76 W. 30th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs., third floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A PERMANENT SITUAtion wanted by a respectable Protestant woman as seamstress; she is a good, industrious, tasteful dressmaker, and by a quick, thorough knowledge of all the machines—she understands operating on Wheeler & Wilson's machine—she can come well recommended. Can be seen at No. 39 East 12th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as seamstress, by a young Scotch woman; would engage either by the month or week; has excellent City reference. Can be seen until suited, at No. 7 Jones's Grand Hotel, Grand-st., No. 687 Broadway; has no objection to travel.

AS DRESSMAKER.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as dressmaker, by a respectable young girl, in a private family. Address C. A., Box No. 125 Times Office.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—An English girl wants a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; has a thorough knowledge of hair-dressing; would wait on a lady and take care of grown-up children. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 21 East 21st-st.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable young girl wants a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; can operate on Grover & Baker's machine. Can be seen till engaged at No. 239 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

AS WAITRESS, CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two respectable girls, situations; one as waitress, the other as chambermaid, and waitress, or to assist in the washing. They can be seen at the residence of their present employer, 12 Madison-square, East 23d-st.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable young woman, as first class waitress in a private family, or would do second work; best of City reference can be given. Can be seen at No. 209 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as waitress, by a respectable young girl, who can provide best of references; has lived in some of the best families in the City. Can be seen at No. 256 24-st. for two days.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a first-class waitress and chambermaid, with excellent City references, a situation in a private family. Inquire at No. 7 Varick-pl. to-day, between 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 and 5 P. M.

AS EXPERIENCED NURSE, OR TO WAIT on a lady.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG Protestant woman, a situation as above; is from experienced in the care of an infant, and a very valuable nursery maid. Can be highly recommended. Apply at CHRISTOPHER'S, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman as nurse and seamstress; would take charge of a baby from its birth; has good City reference; can give several years' reference from the first families in the City. Can be seen at No. 76 West 30th-st., where she is at present employed.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress in a private family; can do all kinds of sewing; would assist in the chamber-work. If required, can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 76 W. 30th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs., third floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A PERMANENT SITUAtion wanted by a respectable Protestant woman as seamstress; she is a good, industrious, tasteful dressmaker, and by a quick, thorough knowledge of all the machines operating on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; she can come well recommended. Can be seen at No. 39 East 12th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young Scotch woman; would engage either by the month or week; has excellent City reference. Can be seen until suited, at Miss E. F. Jones's Grand Hotel, Grand-st., No. 687 Broadway; has no objection to travel.

AS DRESSMAKER.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as dressmaker, by a respectable young girl, in a private family. Address C. A., Box No. 125 Times Office.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—An English girl wants a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; has a thorough knowledge of hair-dressing; would wait on a lady and take care of grown-up children. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 21 East 21st-st.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable young girl wants a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; can operate on Grover & Baker's machine. Can be seen till engaged at No. 239 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

AS WAITRESS, CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two respectable girls, situations; one as waitress, the other as chambermaid, and waitress, or to assist in the washing. They can be seen at the residence of their present employer, 12 Madison-square, East 23d-st.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable young woman, as first class waitress in a private family, or would do second work; best of City reference can be given. Can be seen at No. 209 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as waitress, by a respectable young girl, who can provide best of references; has lived in some of the best families in the City. Can be seen at No. 256 24-st. for two days.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a first-class waitress and chambermaid, with excellent City references, a situation in a private family. Inquire at No. 7 Varick-pl. to-day, between 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 and 5 P. M.

WASHING WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman wishes to take a family washing to her own home, who is a good washer and ironer. Best of City reference. Call at No. 111 West 14th-st. in the rear, second floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AS COOKS, WASHERS and ironers, chambermaids and waitresses, experienced nurses and seamstresses, and general housework girls. The best selection of trained servants in Brooklyn, whose references are to our own families, may be found daily at CHRISTOPHER'S Select Agency, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn. (fourteen years established.) None but the most respectable servants admitted.

AT THE SERVANTS' LARGE INSTITUTE, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av., are wanted immediately, for City and country, Protestant first-class cooks, and those to wash and iron; also, chambermaids, waitresses and every description of housework. &c.

AT THE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, NO. 110 Christopher-st., are wanted immediately, Protestant cooks, to keep first-class servants, for the City or country, of all nations. Excellent cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, laundresses, girls for housework, and those lately landed; also, coachmen, waiters, &c.

MALES.

AS SALESMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS salesman in a furniture store or lumber-yard, or would act as agent; is well acquainted with the business; has a considerable experience. References unexceptionable. Address SALESMAN, Box No. 363 Post-office, Paterson, N. J.

AS SALESMAN, &c.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG man of City experience, and reference, a situation as salesman or general clerk in any first-class business—dry goods business preferred. Address ENERGY, care Merchants' Clerks' Registery Office, 131 Fulton-st.

AS CLERK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS clerk in a law office, by an experienced man who has been admitted to the Bar, and is thoroughly competent to take charge of an office; can give first-class reference. Address A. W. CLERK, care of the Mercantile Agency, No. 349 Broadway.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS farmer by a married man (sober); has a thorough knowledge of farming; can give best of reference. Call on or address G. M., at Smith's academy, No. 46 Liberty-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a single man, thoroughly understood with gardening and the care of a horse and carriage, and over if required; is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce the best of references. Address GARDENER, Box No. 316 Times Office.

AS GARDENER.—A SWISS FARMER AND gardener, a married man (no children,) wishes a situation on a gentleman's place; he takes charge as coachman; has good references. Apply at the Employment Office, No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place, near Broadway.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener, and is fully capable in the care of hothouse; can do either or both if required; has the best of reference from his last employer. Address G. S., Box No. 134 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE SINGLE man wants a situation as coachman; is capable of taking charge of any gentleman's stable; can give five years of the best of reference. Call or address this day, T. D., COACHMAN, No. 19 Bleecker-st., in Mr. Lowden's harness store.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG married man, a situation as coachman, who fully understands his business; can furnish the best of references; he has no objection to go the country. Can be seen at No. 249 West 30th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESpectable young man, with three years' reference, wishes a situation as coachman and groom; he is a good driver and thoroughly acquainted with horses. Can be seen at No. 12 6th-av., by applying to A. M. SEE.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a Protestant single man; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 322 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN PARTING with an excellent coachman would recommend him as particularly obliging, genteel and agreeable; strictly honest, faithful and uniformly prompt. For further particulars inquire of S. W. C., Nos. 51 and 53 Franklin-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted as coachman and groom by a single man, competent to fill the situation; willing to make himself generally useful about the place; will go to the country; has good references. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A PROTESTANT SINGLE man wants a situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business in every respect; is a most sure and good driver; very good reference given. Address Box No. 269 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED AS coachman by a married man who has the best of reference from his last employer; understands his business thoroughly. Address J. T., Box No. 316 Times Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a respectable Scotchman; can be highly recommended by his present respectable families in this City as groom and coachman; has had long experience in the care of carriage and filly. Any communication left at Mr. Wardle's, tailor, corner of Spring and Broadway, will be attended to; or address J. D., Box No. 325 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH man of long experience, who thoroughly understands his business, wishes a situation as coachman to a family with a pair of horses; can be highly relied upon for sobriety, honesty and attention to his duty; has good City references. Address S. E., Hr. Wright, harness maker, No. 289 6th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young man who understands his business thoroughly; can give the highest City references from first and last employers. Address M. F., Box No. 310 Times Office, or can be seen at Maclean's livery stable, 38 East 27th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman in a private family, by a young married man of good address, and possessing a thorough knowledge of his business in all its branches; is gentle, sober and respect, and willing to assist in gardening; has three years' references from his last place. Address J. K., Box No. 302 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a German coachman who understands his business thoroughly; has lived two years in his last place; can give the best of City references. Call at No. 70 Bleecker-st., for two days, for C. V. R.

AS COACHMAN OR GROOM.—A SITUAtion by a respectable Protestant man, who understands his business in all its branches; is sober and trustworthy; can be highly recommended for his last place; has no objection to go to the country; address A. B., Box No. 1,000 Post-office, Brooklyn, L. I.

AS GROOM.—AN ENGLISHMAN OF LIGHT weight wants a situation as groom; has seven years' experience; can be highly recommended for his sobriety and understands his business. Apply to or address W. G., care of S. Ecorry, milliner, No. 736 Broadway, near 31st-st.

AS PORTER.—A STEADY YOUNG MAN wishes a place as porter in a store or warehouse; is not afraid of work; is a good runner, and quick at figures; has good references. Address PORTER, Box No. 192 Times Office, for two days.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter by a respectable single man, who can produce highest City references for honesty, sobriety and capability; has lived with the last gentleman for three years; will be very well worth the money. Apply to GEO. CAREY, No. 204 and 206 Canal-st., from 7 to 9 A. M.

50 HANDS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—To work at ladies' fancy and fluting trimming in every style. Apply at 3, DARTOIS'S, No. 671 Broadway, under Lafarge House.

A BOY WANTED.—A SMART ACTIVE BOY IN A dry goods commission house, one residing with his parents in Brooklyn preferred. Salary fifty dollars first year. Address, stating references, Box No. 8,290 P. O.

A COLORED COACHMAN.—WANTED, A colored coachman—one who understands his business thoroughly. Address Box No. 1,000 Post-office, with references.

UPHOLSTERER.—WANTED, A GOOD CABINET upholsterer; to a good workman constant employment will be given. Inquire at No. 625 Broadway.

HARDWARE.—WANTED, A BOY IN A HARDware store; one that resides with his parents and can come well recommended. Apply at No. 414 Broadway.

WANTED—TWENTY-FIVE FIRST-CLASS stove-moulders. The best of wages and steady employment given. MUNSELL & THOMPSON, No. 218 Water-st., New-York.

WANTED—IN A MERCANTILE OFFICE, AN active, industrious boy, about 15 years old, with some proficiency in figures; spelling and writing must live in the City, and preference given if residing with his parents. A small salary allowed. Address W. & S., Box No. 124 Times Office.

WANTED—A STEWARDESS FOR A STEAMER, two girls to go with a family to California. Apply to Mr. J. FINK, No. 1 Chatham-square.

GROCERIES.

TEAS.
ONLY TWO CENTS PER POUND PROFIT.
ONLY TWO CENTS PER POUND PROFIT.
ONLY TWO CENTS PER POUND PROFIT.
ONLY TWO CENTS PER POUND PROFIT.
The
GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
No. 51 Vesey-st., New-York,
are selling all their Teas at only
TWO CENTS PER POUND PROFIT,
believing this Season to be disastrous to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.
OLD PLANTATION COFFEE.
GILLIES' OLD PLANTATION COFFEE.
GILLIES' OLD PLANTATION COFFEE.
25 CENTS PER POUND.
25 CENTS PER POUND.
25 CENTS PER POUND.
It is used in the best Hotels, Restaurants and private families, and pronounced to be fully equal in strength and richness of flavor to the best
OLD JAVA COFFEE.
Put up in one pound air-tight packages, 25 and 30 lbs. in case.
WRIGHT, GILLIES & BROTHER,
Importers and Manufacturers of Fine Flavored Coffee,
Nos. 223, 225 and 227 Washington-st., New-York.
For sale by Grocers generally.

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER'S
NEW LOCK-STITCH MACHINE, NO. 4,
No. 495 BROADWAY.
This is the best and cheapest Machine
FOR TAILORS' USE
Ever produced. Price, $65.

MATRIMONIAL.

A GENTLEMAN OF RESPECTABILITY, education and refinement, possessing a handsome income, wishes to correspond matrimonially with a lady similarly situated; this notice emanates from a sincere and unfeignedly worthy source. Address MAGNOLIUS, Station C, New-York.

DR. SAMUEL S. FISCHER'S NEW AND IMproved TRUSSES, ELASTIC, SUPPORTERY, BANDAGES, SHOULDER BRACES, BREATHING TUBES, &c. They are patented in the United States, England and Scotland, and universally acknowledged to be the most perfect instruments made. Persons requiring will do well to call and examine (or send for pamphlet) before purchasing. Office, No. 214 Broadway, New-York.

DRY GOODS.

AT LEGRAND'S,
MONDAY, 5th.
OPENING OF NEW FIGURED SILKS.
Also, all the NEW SHADES IN PLAIN SILKS, and the most beautiful choice of
PLAIN MOIRE ANTIQUES,
best quality in the market.
PLAIDED SILKS at 1¼ per yard, worth $1.
BLACK SILKS 25 per cent. under market value.
RICH FRENCH PLAIDED POPLINS.
ON THURSDAY,
Oct. 1,
Opening of a NEW FLOOR, with a full assortment of
CLOTH FOR LADIES,
FLANNELS
AND WHITE GOODS.
These three departments being an addition to the business, the goods will be sold without profit during the first three months.
LEGRAIN,
No. 729 Broadway and No. 1 Waverley-place.

A FULL STOCK OF
GENTLEMEN'S KID GLOVES,
Best Quality, at $1 25 a pair, equal to any Gloves in the City.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
2,000 doz. Gent's Colored Border Linen Handkerchiefs, for 3c.
2,000 doz. Gent's Hemmed Linen Handkerchiefs, for 8c., very fine goods.
2,000 doz. Ladies' Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, for 12c., a decided the best value we ever sold for the money.
Full line of hemed and narrow Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, for Ladies, Gents and children. Also,
EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS.
All the new styles of LADIES' SILK SCARFS.
All qualities of PUSHES and THREAD VEILS.
Full stock of REAL LACES.
Full stock of IMITATION LACES.
BARBES, COIFFURES, NECK RUFFLES, MANTILLAS, &c., &c., &c.
A job lot of
4,000 YARDS CAMBRIC NEEDLE-WORKED FLOUNCING
will be offered on MONDAY morning, from 3c. a yard to 25 c a yard.
These are a whole importation, and are
THE CHEAPEST LOT WE EVER OFFERED.
A job lot of
Cambric needle-worked Bands, Collars, Sets and Shetland Veils,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Infants' Waists and Dresses, and a fine stock of Cambric Edgings and Insertions.
WHITE GOODS AND FLANNELS.
All qualities of
BOOK, SWISS, NAINSOOK, PLAID AND STRIPED MUSLINS.
All qualities of
FLANNELS,
from the best manufacturers.
JOB LOTS IN TOWELS.
JOB LOTS IN FINE SCOTCH DIAPERS.
JOB LOTS IN DOTTED AND FIGURED SWISS MUSLIN.
A full assortment of
NOTTINGHAM LACES, TIDIES, &c.
E. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., two doors below 14th-st.

WINDOW SHADES.
WHITE
AND
GREEN
and BLUE HOLLAND,
GOLD
and PRESCOTT SHADES,
HAYDEN'S,
PUTNAM'S,
BAILEY'S
and JUDD'S
PATENT FIXTURES
at C. L. & J. KELLY'S,
Window Shade Manufactory,
No. 356 Broadway.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE,
TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
Examine our GIMPS, LEVANTS and BONNET SILKS.
Examine our RIBBONS and VELVETS.
Examine our FEATHERS and FLOWERS.
Examine our FELT and STRAW GOODS.
We cut lengths of Millinery Goods cheaper than downtown jobbers sell pieces. Call and see.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 313 GRAND and 68 ALLEN-STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

BLACK SILKS. BLACK SILKS
BOWLES BROTHERS, No. 451 BROADWAY, is offering at retail a selection and assortment of the most popular makes, at popular prices, being within a fraction of last season's prices. Those wishing a handsome Black Silk will find every bright, all wishes; that, some even with grades for choice.
N. B.—Several beautiful choices in plain purples and steel colors.
Ladies call and see our stock before buying elsewhere.
BOWLES BROTHERS, No. 451 Broadway.

AT DEPERCEVAL'S, NO. 637 BROADWAY, the Ribbon of Christmas Colors, Riding Hoods, Dressing Sacques, Opera Cloaks, Infant's Wardrobes, Bibs, Bibbons, &c., Ladies' Embroidered Collars and Night Gowns; Veils; Ladies' ready-made Undergarments, Hand Handkerchiefs, &c.; infants and gents of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedding. Stocking, darning and silk mending made to order. Stocking, underclothes and everything excelled perfectly. Waiting for dress trimmings. Orders done up like new.

THE FALL AND WINTER SEASON.—MADEMOISELLE DE JANON, 25 Bond-st., begs to inform her customers that they have just received from Paris a choice selection of new goods adapted to the season. Corsets made in Paris especially and exclusively for their house.

MILLINERY.

MODES DE PARIS.
MME. WALTON, No. 369 Broadway,
Between Amity and 4th sts.
Is constantly receiving the latest and most approved patterns of Parisian Bonnets and her facility for manufacturing will give to the Ladies of New-York and vicinity a rare opportunity of selecting from her varied stock.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS HAINES
AND
MADEMOISELLE de JANON
Respectfully inform their friends and the public that their ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
For Young Ladies and Children,
No. 19 GRAMERCY PARK,
Will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 24.

MR. WILLIAM S. NEWELL'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
PRIVATE BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 17 West 12th-st.,
Will be reopened on MONDAY, the 28th of September inst. The French language will receive special attention from a resident teacher from Paris.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
AT RIVERDALE ON THE HUDSON,
Will commence its first term on MONDAY, 19th October next, under the restorship of Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A., late of Berkeley, Cal.
The fact that this Institution is founded by the Trustees for the superior education of their own daughters, and not for pecuniary gains, offers more than ordinary guarantees that the advantages of the establishment will be tendered solely to the advantage of its pupils.
The buildings of the Institute are on spacious and elevated grounds, and are amply stored with all the modern conveniences for the comfort and health of the inmates of the commodious. The school-rooms are large and well ventilated, heated by steam, and lighted by gas. The locality is proverbially healthful, and but a few minutes distance from New-York City, to which there is a daily conveyance by means of the Hudson River Railroad.
ADVERTISED BY PERMISSION TO
Rt. Rev. H. Potter, D.D., Bishop of New-York.
Rt. Rev. J. H. Otey, D.D., Bishop Tennessee.
Rt. Rev. Geo. Burgess, D.D., Maine.
Rt. Rev. J. Williams, Connecticut.
Rt. Rev. W. A. Muhlenberg, D.D., New-York.
Rev. A. B. Carter, D.D., Yonkers, N. Y.
Rev. D. S. Brewer, Yonkers, N. Y.
Rev. D. Babcock, President, No. 3 Mansion-st., New-York.
For circulars, apply to Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, No. 25 Park-place, New-York; or D. Babcock, President, No. 3 Mansion-st., New-York.

MISS JAMES'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
at No. 54 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH-STREET, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, will open on the 14th of September. May be seen at that address after the 1st of September.
Miss JAMES is kindly permitted to refer to the following gentlemen:
In New-York—D. D. Field, Esq., Rev. Dr. Cummings, R. R. Field, Esq., Edward Shippen, Esq., John Jay, Esq., Hon. James T. Brady, R. B. Field, Esq., Rev. Dr. Anthon, Rev. Dr. Haight, Rev. Dr. Hall, Richard Everett, Esquire, Right Rev. Bishop McCloskey, Michigan; Chief Justice Taney, Washington; Pierre M. Irving, Esq., Irvington, N. Y.; Hon. Harvey Baldwin, Syracuse; Hon. Elon Farnsworth, Detroit; Hon. Robert McClelland, Detroit; Garrit Smith, Esq., Peterborough, N. Y.

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REMOVAL.
The lectures and recitations of the
THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL
are removed to No. 85, 87, 89 and 91 West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for light, space and ventilation, as well as for beauty and convenience of arrangement, the accommodations are unequaled. The department of French is under the personal direction of Mr. A. BERNARD. The Classical and Scientific departments are under the direction of Mr. CHARLES F. BRADLEY-FIELDS. The Primary department is under the careful supervision of both of the principals. The Boarding department remains at Nos. 1,127 and 1,129 Broadway. The Fall term commences on TUESDAY, Sept. 15.

OPEN OCTOBER 1.
MRS. PLUMB'S
ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE,
No. 10 West 14th-st.
For class exercise and instruction in the
LIGHT OR PARLOR GYMNASTICS.
Classes for ladies, 10½ A. M.; Lads and Misses, 2½ P. M.; Ladies and gentlemen, 7½ P. M. For circulars, apply at the Academy.
Mrs. C. J. PLUMB, a graduate of Dr. Lewis' Institute, and a former United States officer, will assist Mrs. Plumb in conducting evening classes, and give special instruction in vocal gymnastics.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
EDWARDS PLACE,
STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.
The Winter Session will begin on MONDAY, October 5, 1863. A few vacancies remain to be filled.
HENRY THOMAS HUNTER, } Principals.
FRANCESCO HOFFMAN, }
Mr. HUNTER can be seen at No. 56 W. 16th-st., N. Y., until the 21st inst.

MISS REES'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MORNING CLASS FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 63 State-st., Brooklyn, will open MONDAY, Sept. 14. A thorough English education will be combined with a practical knowledge of the French language, which will be spoken in the school. The French department will be under the special care of a Parisian lady.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 5 West 38th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 17. For full information apply for circular.
The Principal, or his associate, Mrs. NEWTON, will be at home during the Summer vacation.

MISS YOUNG'S
DAY SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN,
No. 23 East 16th-st.,
Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24, 1863.
Circulars may be obtained at Burton's bookstore, No. 45 6th-av.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
For making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian MEN.
Address BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 293 Yonkers, N. Y.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
No. 324 6th-av., corner 20th-st. Opens Sept. 9.

MRS. WILLIAMS'
French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 26 West 20th-st., near 6th-av., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

MR. McELLIGOTT'S SCHOOL,
No. 18 East 32d-st., between 5th and Madison ays.,
Will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 14.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.—The next Term of this Institution commences on THURSDAY, Oct. 1. The classes will meet for the first time at 5 o'clock P. M., when the hours for lectures will be announced. Applications for admission and inquiries respecting course of study may be made on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., and on THURSDAY, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

STAMFORD, CONN.—MISS TUCKER RECEIVES twenty young ladies to educate, assisted by German and French resident governesses and by eminent Professors from New-York. Ref. to Rev. John Williams, D.D., Assistant Bishop of Connecticut, Middletown, Conn., and Rev. V. Mitchell, Rector, Stamford, Conn. For particulars, &c., apply to the Principal.

JAMES D. CLARK'S (LATE CLARK & BROWNELL'S) Classical and English School, No. 138 Congress-st., near Clinton, Brooklyn. Boys prepared for college or for business. Circulars may be obtained and the Principal seen at the store of Clark & Brownell, No. 47 Broadway, Chambers-st., New-York, at the Institution.
JAMES D. CLARK, A. M.,
Late Senior Partner in firm of Clark & Brownell.

DE F. BERTHET AND D. G. FANNING'S school, No. 808 Broadway, cor. of 21st-st., late Parker & Berthet, will open Sept. 7, with primary department, No. 4 Broadway, Chambers-st., New-York, at the Institution. For circulars inquire at bookstores, No. 4 Broadway, Chambers-st., New-York, and at the Institution.

GOLDSMITH'S COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, No. 765 BROADWAY, CORNER OF 8TH-ST.—Double-entry bookkeeping, commercial arithmetic and penmanship. The first premium awarded five years by the American Institute. A good handwriting guaranteed in ten lessons. Separate rooms for private instruction.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 1,324 Broadway, will open on MONDAY, Sept. 14. Circulars at the school, at Lockwood's, No. 411 and Crowen's, No. 343 Broadway, or at the residence of the Principal, No. 234 10th-st.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Danbury, Conn., will reopen Monday, Oct. 5. For circulars, apply to W. J. DAVIS, No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, or the Principal, Mrs. C. M. WHITE, at Danbury, Conn. Pupils will be received during the vacation, if desired.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—Evening classes will begin on Monday. Apply at the Library desk. Private lessons in Spanish, Prof. DeForrest, No. 209 4th-av.; French, Prof. de l'Omet, No. 26 East 22d-st.; German, Prof. Heinemiller, No. 40 West 20th-st.

N. Y. MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR WOMEN.—Affording thorough collegiate medical education. Begins Oct. 15, 1863. Special instruction imparted to nurses and ladies studying for their own benefit. For announcements, address Mrs. M. L. OGDEN, M.D., No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York City.

MRS. H. DANA WARD, SUCCESSOR TO MRS. Gibson, has opened her select and thorough French Boarding and Day School, No. 49 Union-square, opened TUESDAY, Sept. 15. The same masters have been retained, and the same course of studies is pursued.

FAIRFIELD FAMILY SCHOOL FOR TWELVE BOYS, Fairfield, Conn., English, classical and military. HENRY W. SIGLAR, A.M., Principal. Commences Sept. 16. For circulars apply to the Principal.

DR. RUDOLPH DELONS'S GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE, No. 1 West 59th-st., has reopened since the 14th of September. Pupils will be received every day. Programmes to be had at the Institute.

JOHN McMULLEN'S SCHOOL—AT NO. 960 Broadway, corner of 21st-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 14. For circulars inquire at Lockwood's, No. 411, Crowen's, No. 343, and Prime's, No. 246 Broadway.

CHILTON HILL BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Sing Sing, N. Y. The Fall term commences on MONDAY, Sept. 14.
J. YOUNG, Principal.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its 25th semi-annual session Oct. 1, 1863. Address Rev. T. P. SPEAR, Principal, for Circulars.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL receives pupils above seven years of age, prepares them for business, college, West Point and Naval Academy; thirteen years' success. Address

INSTRUCTION.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.
NO. 37 FOURTH-AV.
Rev. GEORGE W. BACON, A. M., LL. D., Principal.
R. G. Haven, A. M., LL. D., Vice-Principal.
Through recent improvements the fullest facilities are afforded for preparing students for college, polytechnic or business. Instruction is given in Latin, Greek, Mathematics, French, German, Spanish, physiology, commercial law, bookkeeping, chemistry and natural philosophy, rhetoric and belles lettres, drawing and painting, and the ordinary English branches. All the above are taught without extra charge of any kind. The following names of the examiners are a guarantee for the character of the instruction imparted: Profs. Anthon, Drisler, Peck and Dwight, of Columbia College, and Drs. Flagg and Turner. Circulars at the bookstores.

ABBOT COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
(Formerly "The Uptown Institute.")
No. 8 CORNER PARK-AV. AND 18TH-ST.
The Autumn Session will commence WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16. GORHAM D. ABBOT, Principal.

GREY LOCK INSTITUTE,
For boys; South Williamstown, Berkshire Co., Mass. The twenty-fourth semi-annual session will commence Nov. 4. Thirty pupils. Terms $200 per annum. For circulars, address
BENJ. F. MILLS, A. B., Principal.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE, Nos. 48 and 50 East 26th-st., near Madison Park, reopens Sept. 28. Boarding and Day School. Pupils prepared for West Point, the Navy School, College and business. American pupils obliged to learn and speak French without any intervention in their other studies. Prospectus to be had, containing the names of the pupils and those of their parents for the past eight years. There is a Primary Department.
PROF. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.—BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies, No. 16 East 16th-st., will reopen Sept. 24. C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 826 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts., opening Sept. 21, receives a limited number of pupils under the direct training of the Principal. Last year all the pupils of the previous year, still attending school, returned, and every seat was filled. Refers to the following patrons of the past year:
H. L. Alexander. Geo. Delmont. Prof. S. F. B. Morse.
J. Aschbacher. Edmond Dwight. H. A. Mott.
Wm. A. Butler. Parker Handy. D. S. Schantz.
A. W. Castrell. Alex. Knox. Rich. Schell.
W. E. Case. Thos. Lebenstiller. A. H. Trowbridge.
J. M. Cooper. E. Lockwood. J. C. Tucker.

PRIVATE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
No. 323 Broadway, New-York.
Established and conducted by C. C. MARSH, author of the popular works on Book-keeping.
At this institution young gentlemen and adults may obtain a thorough course of practice and instruction in Book-keeping and Business Affairs. Circulars on application.

MADAME C. MEARS'
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
NO. 224 MADISON-AV.,
Will be reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 17.
Letters to the above address will always receive prompt attention.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 32 West 18th-st.,
Will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 15th. Circulars may be obtained at the above address.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, PERTH AMBOY, N. J., two hours from New-York via Staten Island Ferry and Railroad, at 7 and 9 A. M. The finest and most healthy location in the State. Session opens Sept. 9. Circulars can be had at Taylor's, 597 Broadway, every WEDNESDAY, P. M. Catalogues, &c., at No. 21 Park-place.
MARCUS SPRING, Proprietor.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 32 West 11th-st., will reopen September 22.

Rev. Dr. Leonard's class for young ladies will commence with the opening of school.

MRS.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 30, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—SIOUX AND WINNEBAGO INDIANS AND SQUAWS—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES, GHOST, &c., at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M. Curiosities at all hours.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE; OR, THE RIFLE BALL.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—DAMON AND PYTHIAS.

WINTER GARDEN—OTHELLO.

ALHAMBRA PAVILION—THE BEDOUIN ARABS.

PARK THEATRE—(Brooklyn)—BEAUTY AND THE BEAST.

NIBLO'S SALOON—ARTEMUS WARD.

FOR SALE—A THIRD route in Brooklyn for sale, of over 1,600 subscribers. Inquire of Subscription Clerk at this office.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The arrival of the steamship *Arago*, from Charleston Bar on the morning of the 26th inst., puts us in possession of our correspondence from Morris Island and Port Royal to that date. Our troops on Morris Island still continued most sedulously engaged in the construction of batteries and mounting of siege guns, with the object of attacking Charleston. The prosecution of this work, though not seriously retarded, was yet difficult of accomplishment on account of the severe fire to which the working parties are subjected by the batteries on James and Sullivan's Islands. The naval vessels still maintained a position of dignified inactivity, having failed to make an offensive movement since the attack on Fort Moultrie and the Sullivan Island batteries three weeks ago, and the damage inflicted upon that occasion is likely ere this to have been thoroughly repaired. There had been great rejoicing in the Department of the South at the news of Gen. GILLMORE'S promotion to the double stars of a Major-General.

The arrival of the steamers *Clinton* and *Morning Star*, from New-Orleans, puts us in possession of dates from that City to the 22d inst. The letters of our correspondents, with such extracts as we can print from the journals, will be found highly interesting.

It is positively asserted in a St. Louis dispatch that Kansas is to be made a separate Military Department, under Gen. CURTIS.

The rebels in Arkansas, under KIRBY SMITH, are thought to have suffered a fatal blow by the explosion of their powder-mill at Arkadelphia, the headquarters of their forces in that State.

A state of terror prevails in Platte and Clinton Counties, Mo., in consequence of a band of Secessionists, under Col. MOSS, attempting to disarm the loyal enrolled militia. Several Union men had been killed.

Another female bread riot occurred in Mobile on the 4th of September. The Seventeenth Alabama regiment was ordered by Gen. MAURY to put down the disturbance, but they refused to do duty. The Mobile cadets then tried their hands, and were defeated and forced to fly by the women. Peaceable measures finally quieted the famine-stricken females. The rioters openly proclaimed their determination, if some means were not rapidly devised to relieve their sufferings or to stop the war, to burn the whole city.

FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the steamship *City of Washington* from Liverpool on the 16th inst. and Queenstown on the 17th, we have one day's later news from Europe. Our files furnish us with additional news of interest. It now appears that that the *Florida's* crew, instead of being paid off at Brest and going to Liverpool to join a new pirate vessel, deserted MAFFIT in dudgeon because of his failure to pay them. The *Post* states that they are both indignant and destitute, and threaten vengeance. The London *Star's* Paris correspondence announces the rumored recognition of the South by the Mexican Emperor in obedience to the behests of LOUIS NAPOLEON. There is little change in Commercial and Financial matters to note.

GENERAL NEWS.

At the meeting of the Supervisors, yesterday, a resolution was adopted asking the opinion of the Corporation Counsel as to the liability of the County to the holders of mortgages on real or personal estate destroyed by riot, and whether the Board have the right to make the waiver of the three months' limitation for the commencement of suits for damages sustained by the riot, which they made at the previous meeting. Mr. PURDY said if the waiver was legal, it would save to the county an expense of at least $100,000 on suits already commenced. The subject of paying CHAS. W. BAKER'S bill of $900 for stationery furnished to the County Clerk, without requisition upon the Board, was again discussed, and was at last laid over till there shall be a full meeting. Adjourned to Tuesday next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

The tugboat *Leviathan*, lying at the Southwest Pass of the Mississippi River, was boarded by a party of men from the shore, on the night of the 21st inst., and stolen from under the guns of the United States steamer *De Soto*. The theft was not discovered until after the tug had got several miles out in the Gulf, when a pursuit was ordered, and a few hours' chase resulted in the capture of the fugitive. The enterprising pirates who attempted this daring piece of confiscation were brought back in irons.

A correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* writes from Little Rock that two regiments of loyal citizens have been raised for the federal army, and the third is now being organized. Many recruits have also been obtained for regiments from other States. The citizens, many of whom have been hid in the woods and mountains a year and a half, throng the streets daily by hundreds. They are welcomed to the protection of the old flag. It was reported at Helena, Ark., a few days ago, that Gen. STEELE was falling back to that place, having left a garrison at Little Rock.

A special dispatch to the Louisville *Journal*, dated Nashville, Sept. 25, states that the rebels, probably guerrillas, had been repulsed with some loss in an attack on Shelbyville.

Our losses in officers of ROSECRANS' army, so far as they have come to hand, amount to one Brigadier-General, six Colonels, two Majors, five Captains, and eight Lieutenants killed, and Brig.-Gen. J. C. STARKWEATHER, Brig.-Gen. JOHN H. KING, and 268 other officers wounded.

A San Francisco telegram, dated on Monday, announces the utter wreck of the Russian steam corvette *Novick*, last from Hakodadi, on Point Keye, at the northern entrance of the harbor. All the officers and crew were saved. The telegram also brings information of the defeat of an English naval vessel at Kagosinia, Japan, whither it had gone to demand the surrender of some native murderers.

The prize schooners *Carmita* and *Artist* were sold in Philadelphia on Monday by order of the United States Marshal, together with their cargoes. The *Carmita* brought $2,150, and the *Artist* $2,900. The cargo of the *Carmita* consisted of 171 bales of cotton, which brought 70½ cents per pound, with the exception of 10 bales, which were sold at 70 cents per pound. The cargo of the *Artist* consisted of dry goods, liquors, rope, nails, &c., which brought an aggregate of $3,144 50.

A new loyal paper has been started in New-Orleans. The fact that it bears the name of the *Times*, and that in typography it strongly resembles the *New-York Journal* from which it takes its name, certainly establishes the good taste of its publisher and promises a brilliant future for this young journal. Its editorials are ably written and its general "make-up" admirable.

Mercantile letters from Port au Platte, St. Domingo, received in Boston, positively state that the city had not been bombarded by a Spanish vessel-of-war as before reported. A bombardment had been threatened, and the foreign residents had in consequence taken refuge on shipboard, but no demonstration had been made at last accounts. There had been a fight in the vicinity of the city between the Dominicans and Spaniards, the loss on both sides being about one hundred. Letters represent the country to be in a bad condition.

There was a further rise of ¼ per cent in Gold, yesterday, to 143¾@143½ per cent. Exchange 156 per cent. The Stock Market was firm and generally higher on the Railways. Money easy.

Breadstuffs were actively sought after yesterday, and prices were decidedly higher early in the day, though somewhat depressed toward the close. Provisions were selling more freely, and sellers had any existing advantage. Groceries, Oils, Hay, Seeds, Salt, Spices, Wool, Tallow, Skins, Leather, Metals and Earthenware were in fair demand. Cotton was in lively request, at advanced rates. A moderate business was transacted in Fish, Fruit, Hemp, Hides, Hops, Lathe, Lime and Whisky—the latter article closing a trifle cheaper. Freights were brisker.

The Live Stock markets are crowded with animals, including 7,051 beeves, 105 milch cows, 694 calves, 18,132 sheep, and 30,944 hogs, making a total of 48,121 animals for New-Yorkers to consume in a week. Most of the cattle and sheep were sold, but several thousand hogs are still waiting purchasers. Beef cattle are in larger supply than ever before, exceeding the heavy receipts of a fortnight ago. What becomes of them is the mystery just now. Taking out 300 for the army, and the same number left unsold, and we have 6,650 to be consumed at home, barring those packed down. Prices of good cattle ruled nearly as high as one week ago, but poor stock sold ½c. lower before the market closed. The best animals brought 11c. ₩ lb., live weight; fair to good stock, 9c.@10c.; and poor run all the way down to 7c., and even 6c. for some of the scallawags, not a few of which were on sale. At an average of 9c. ₩ lb., and calling the bullocks to dress 7 cwt., we have near $5,000,000 for beef in a single week.... Sheep are abundant and lower, selling at 6c.@6½c. for good stock—a few at 5½c. Some selected lots brought 6c. Monday, but they have since declined.... Live hogs are in excess of all wants, and are ½c. lower. Prime fat corn-fed hogs command 5½c.@5¾c.

First Principles in Military Science.

There appears to be little doubt that ROSECRANS' check has been due to his being assailed by a vastly superior force, and this superiority of force the rebels owed, as we now know, to the facility with which they are able to hurry troops from one point of their frontier to another—in other words, to their possession of what is now so well known to the public as "interior lines." He started from Murfreesboro with several weighty disadvantages, which grew in magnitude as he progressed. He was penetrating a difficult country, and that country the enemy's; he was far from his base of supplies, and in case of reverse had to look hundreds of miles for succor or shelter. In short, he was an invader, and an invader who had every reason to expect a tenacious resistance, all the more tenacious the further he penetrated. There was, therefore, every conceivable reason for his advancing in at least as strong force as any that there was even a possibility of his finding opposed to him on the road. In fact, all the rules that the military experience of ages has prescribed for the conduct of invasions required that he should have run no risk of encountering any body of troops superior to his own.

The public has therefore learned with astonishment that the very first time he came in contact with BRAGG, ten miles outside Chattanooga, he found himself far outnumbered, and was compelled to suspend his march, after a fierce engagement. And this astonishment is perfectly reasonable, inasmuch as the object of his onward movement was not simply the possession of Chattanooga, but the capture of Atlanta, and with it the whole system of Southern Railroad communication—the subjugation of the whole State of Georgia, the isolation of South Carolina and the "turning" of Virginia and North Carolina. If this was not the object of the movement, it was either an idle promenade or a great waste of human life; and if this was its object, its stoppage at the very outset, by a superior force, proves it to have been commenced with great want of forethought as well as inadequate means.

It is useless to tell us, in reply to this, that the rebels, having possession of the "interior lines," are able to concentrate troops on any given point with greater rapidity than we are. This might have furnished an excuse for such checks as Chickamauga, at the beginning of the war when the rebel batteries were all "masked," and when Fire Zouaves climbed up on the backs of the rebel cavalry horses, at full gallop, and remorsely cut the throats of their riders. But the nature and value of "interior lines" are now so well known, and the possession of them by the rebels is so notorious, that it is as absurd for the War Department or the Generals in the field to omit this circumstance from their calculations in preparing for any operation, as to take no count of the rebel cavalry or artillery, or of the badness of the roads, or thickness of the woods. The problem we have to solve is, not how to defeat the rebels under certain conditions, but how to defeat them under the conditions that actually exist, and with the advantages that they actually possess. They have the "interior lines," just as they have cotton to raise money on, and slaves to do their hard work, and a forest-covered and thinly settled country to manœuvre in. It is one of the things they have to count on, just as we have a large population, plenty of money and a powerful navy; and when we encounter them there is no more justification for our not being prepared for this than for their bullets or their torpedoes.

If we have learnt anything from the war, it is that there is no way of meeting concentration of forces on the rebel side, but by concentration of forces on ours. We have many times, since the commencement of the struggle, been overwhelmed precisely in the same manner that ROSECRANS has been overwhelmed at Chickamauga, and in each case we have been forced to recover our ground after the battle by bringing up the forces which ought to have been brought before it. One tithe of the activity which is displayed in "forwarding troops" after we have met with a reverse, would, if displayed before the action takes place, put a very different complexion on our affairs. Even if these checks did not postpone the great issue, and did not increase the risk of foreign complications, we have not, we trust, yet become so hardened to the horrors of war that the lives of thousands of brave men furnish no argument in favor of forethought and caution.

The Union Abroad.

Our Summer victories over the rebels produced, to some extent, the same effect in Europe that they did in this country. They increased the fame of the Union armies, magnified the National power, elevated the National prospects, and strengthened the general faith in our ultimate success. They showed the instability of the Confederacy, and its military as well as its political failure—they depressed the Confederate loan, and changed the exultation of Confederate sympathizers into despair. Those who sustained the Confederacy because of its successful display of power, now sustained the Union, because it showed itself possessed of still greater power. Those who had been against us because they thought the job we had undertaken an impossible one, now turned in our favor when they saw that it was not only possible but well nigh accomplishment. Those who were demanding the immediate recognition of the Confederacy, were now willing to wait and see whether the Confederacy would remain in condition to be recognized. Judging from the tone of the English Press, and by private letters, we should say that the Union cause never stood so well abroad, as the United States certainly were never treated with so much fairness, as during the three months past. It is true that we have had the ram controversy with England; but the rams were contracted for and mainly built before the close of July, and even in this matter the English Government, by latest advices, seems disposed to deal justly.

The inference from these facts is, that we may expect fair treatment from Europe, not on account of the justness of our cause—that we may expect just dealing in all questions that may arise, not on account of the abstract right of our claims—but simply, in each case, on the ground that we have strength to sustain the National authority, and power and spirit to enforce the National demands.

We do not propose to find fault with this state of things, as fault-finding would not rectify it. We do not propose to preach moral truths or expound the decalogue to foreign kings, cabinets and armies, for they will go on their way despite them. But there is a vital and fundamental truth in this matter which our own people and Government will learn for all time from the successive developments that have taken place during the course of this war. Our security lies in being strong as well as just, in displaying courage and power as well as the force of argument.

The military occurrences of the last few weeks have had little effect in depressing the public spirit in this country, and little in altering the military situation. But we expect they will be made much of in Europe, and that the Union cause there will be considerably set back by them. The repulse from Texas, the retreat of ROSECRANS, the suspension of operations against Charleston, the inactivity of the Army of the Potomac, will be dwelt upon as reversing the tide of our success and darkening the prospects of the Union. The Confederate agents and sympathizers will push their schemes with renewed activity, and the Confederate loan will "have an upward tendency." And this condition of things will only be altered by renewed successes on our part—by ROSECRANS pushing down to Atlanta, and by our armies everywhere continuing to deal such blows to the rebels as we dealt them in July.

The Russian Squadron—Eastern Russia—Russian Commerce.

The Russian Squadron of five vessels, now lying in the mouth of the North River, carry about 170 guns, and are manned by about 2,400 men. There is no distinctive class known as marines in the Russian navy; but every man on board a Russian vessel-of-war is taught and drilled in the use of a musket, as well as in the use of the ship's guns, or in the special duties of seagoing. A Russian naval squadron goes always prepared to make a descent on land, to assault and carry a fort by storm, or do any other work that a land force may attempt. It will be perceived, therefore, that our present visitors compose an efficient and formidable force, quite able to take care of themselves under any contingencies likely to happen to them.

Two other vessels—corvettes—belonging to the squadron of Admiral LISOVSKY, have not yet reached this port, but they are expected presently; and it is not improbable that two or three other vessels of the Czar may, before long, join the company of those here. We shall, perhaps, before Winter sets in, have in our harbor a Russian fleet numbering ten vessels, carrying nearly 800 guns and 5,000 men, all musket-bearing marines.

The squadron of Admiral LISOVSKY sailed from Cronstadt about two months ago, and its first vessel was fifty-six days in reaching its present mooring. The course sailed was along the north shore of England. The navigation of the Baltic becomes difficult after the middle of November, and, soon after, practically impossible. That is only six weeks or forty-two days hence. It is clear, therefore, that the squadron will make no effort to return to any Baltic port this season. It may seek other American ports, or spend the Winter cruising near the West India islands and drop down to Rio Janeiro, intending to appear eventually on the Pacific, and seek thence the northern seas of Asia, where Russia presents her true maritime front.

The Eastern or Asiatic portion of Russia, fronting on the Pacific Ocean, opposite to our own Pacific States and Territories, is of twice the extent of the European portion of the empire, and is believed to possess much of the mineral wealth that gives our own Pacific possessions their fabulous value, while the forest timber is far more abundant and valuable. The River Amoor flows from the southern confines of this great domain of Russia in a general eastern course, and pours its waters into the Pacific. This river is navigable for a distance of nearly two thousand miles inland, and is destined to be a stream surpassed only by our own Mississippi, perhaps, for the extent and value of the commerce borne on its bosom. American enterprise has already been exploring this distant region, and studying the navigation of this important river, looking to the wealth that will in future be gathered upon its banks. In 1856, Mr. PERRY MCDONOUGH COLLINS was appointed by the United States Government, Commercial Agent at the Amoor River, with the approbation of the Russian Ambassador; and, going to Moscow, Mr. COLLINS started upon his journey overland through Eastern Russia, intending to come out to the Pacific Coast by way of the Amoor. He visited and studied the gold mines of Siberia, made researches into the manners and customs, wants and resources, of the interior tribes of Siberia, sought the Capital of that country, and found in Lieut.-Gen. MOURAVIEFF, its Governor, a highly polished officer, who considered his country with the affection of a patriot and prescience of a statesman. He was handsomely entertained by the Governor in the Capital, Irkutsk; gives every encouragement in regard to the proposed introduction of American enterprise and commerce into the heart of Eastern Russia, by way of the Amoor River, and finally was passed with all honors to the head waters of that great river, which he followed in its long and majestic flow to the sea. Mr. COLLINS published in 1860, his observations on this long and deeply interesting journey, and the book will doubtless be more read now than it hitherto has been. He grows eloquent over the Amoor River, speaking of it as "rolling in unbroken and majestic course for 2,500 miles toward the rising sun and mild waters of the Pacific. Upon this generous river," he continues, "shall float navies more powerful than those of Tarshish; mines shall be found upon its shores more rich than those of Ophir, and the timbers of its forests more precious than the *Almugim* of Scripture; a mighty nation shall rise upon its banks and within its valleys, and at its mouth shall arise a vast city, wherein shall congregate the merchant princes of the earth, seeking the trade of millions of people."

There may be rhapsody in this picture, but there is enough reality, no doubt, to stimulate to new and successful efforts for close commercial relations between our Pacific States and the interior of Western Russia, by way of the River Amoor. It may be remembered that a steamboat was built in New-York, in 1857, for the navigation of the River Amoor, and that it successfully ascended that stream. It is, no doubt, by the line of this future highway of commerce, that our Minister at St. Petersburg, Mr. C. M. CLAY, has obtained his telegraph charter that he speaks of in a letter that has recently been published.

All these matters will be more carefully looked into now than before the advent of the Russian war-vessels in New-York Bay, and will give rise to speculations varying according to the interests, temperaments or proclivities of people.

The Union Ratification Meeting this Evening.

The great Union Ratification Meeting takes place at Cooper Institute this evening, and all loyal men, without distinction of party, are expected to be present. It will undoubtedly be an immense demonstration of fidelity to the country, and to the Government. Very many prominent speakers will be present. The large hall and the stands outside will be plentifully and satisfactorily supplied with them. Let there be a general rally and such a demonstration as will give renewed assurance of the "good time coming," in November, when the Union vote will sweep the State by its thousands of majority.

Legal Tender Valid.

From the Albany Evening Journal of Yesterday.

The Court of Appeals, at the opening of the session this morning, announced its decision in the cases involving the validity of the notes issued by the National Government as a "*legal tender*" in the redemption of the circulating notes of State Banks, and in the payment of obligations arising on contracts.

In the case of the Metropolitan Bank and others, respondents, *vs.* H. H. VAN DYCK, appellant, the judgment of the Supreme Court of this District (which was in favor of "legal tender") was *affirmed* while that of the Supreme Court of New-York, in the Roosevelt case, was *reversed*.

In the former case, the question involved was, whether "legal tender notes" were equivalent to specie, under the Constitution and laws of this State, in the redemption of bank notes by the institutions issuing the same. In the other case the question arose on the reception of "legal tender" in discharge of a mortgage, executed before the enactment of the law of Congress authorizing the issue of such legal tender notes by the General Government.

The opinion of Judge EMMOTT states succinctly the principles upon which the Court based its decision. Judges DAVIES, WELLES, BALCOM and MARVIN also delivered opinions in one or the other of the two cases, sustaining the validity of the legal tender clause, in which Judge ROSEKRANS concurred. Chief Judge DENIO delivered a contrary opinion, and Judge SELDEN also dissented.

Wallack's Theatre.

The season at this establishment commences to-night, and with it the fashionable world will enter upon its genuine and Metropolitan round of amusement for the Winter. Mr. WALLACK has made ample and splendid preparations for his patrons. He opens with a new play, and a house that has been completely renovated, regilt and redecorated. The scenery, dresses and appointments for the play, which is called "Rosedale, or the Rifle Ball," are entirely new, and will be on the liberal scale for which this house has become famous. That the patrons of the establishment are not behind hand is proved by the fact that the box-office, which opened on Monday morning at 8 o'clock, had to close at 10. In the short space of two hours every seat and box in the house had been sold out. Every one will, of course, be present to-night, and simply as an exhibition of brilliant and fashionable people, it will be an agreeable treat to a looker on.

THE EASTERN SHORE OF VIRGINIA.

Three Schooners Plundered by the Rebels.

A letter was received in this City yesterday which states that a rebel raid was made on several vessels in Watchaprigue Inlet, East Virginia, previous to the 23d inst. The schooner *Ireland*, Capt. DAVIS, the schooner *John J. Hennessy*, (since picked up and taken into Newport,) Capt. PRAMATA, were plundered, taken out to sea and set adrift.

The schooner *Alexandria* was also plundered and run on a sand-bar inside the inlet. The Government schooner *Alliance*, loaded with provisions and sutler stores, valued at $30,000, was also captured.

The crews of all the above vessels were put on board the *Alexandria* as prisoners. She was last seen off Sands' Shoals, bound South.

Admiral Farragut.

TENAFLY, N. J., Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Admiral FARRAGUT will leave Hastings in the morning to attend the Union demonstration at the Cooper Institute Wednesday evening.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

"ALL QUIET."

"All is quiet in the front." The cars yesterday took to the army 800 conscripts.

REVIEW OF THE FIFTH CORPS.

A letter from the Army of the Potomac says Gen. MEADE, accompanied by the Mexican General, Corvo, yesterday reviewed the Fifth corps. The weather was splendid, and the review passed off in a most satisfactory manner.

ARMY CORPS CONSOLIDATED.

The Twentieth and Twenty-first army corps have been consolidated, and will be called the Fourth corps. They are to be commanded by Maj.-Gen. Gouvon GRANGER.

GENS. M'COOK AND GRITTENDEN.

The War Department has ordered a Court of Inquiry to investigate the conduct of Gens. McCOOK and CRITTENDEN in the late battles near Chattanooga.

ARMY MATTERS.

The enforcement of the death penalty in the Army of the Potomac is rapidly decreasing the number of desertions. Conscripts and substitutes are arriving in considerable numbers, and also deserters, who are forwarded to their regiments for trial and punishment. No movements reported on the front to-day.

DESERTERS TAKE NOTICE.

Provost-Marshal-General FRY has perfected his arrangements for the arrest of deserters. Having a large number of deputies, in addition to the Provost-Marshals in all the Congressional Districts, the chances of escape are much diminished. The reward for the arrest of a deserter is increased to $30. It is determined to treat such parties with the utmost rigor, in order, if possible, to prevent the practice of desertion.

PAROLED PRISONERS ORDERED TO DUTY.

The rebels in their anxiety to raise troops to reinforce BRAGG have violated the terms of the cartel in declaring PEMBERTON'S 30,000 men exchanged, without giving formal notice to our Government. In view of this action of the rebel authorities our Government has declared all Union soldiers now in our paroled camps to be exchanged, and ordered them to their regiments for duty. The number of Union soldiers thus returned to duty is about twenty thousand, which still leaves a balance of ten thousand to our credit in future exchanges, exclusive of rebel prisoners now in our hands. All paroled Union prisoners, officers and men, absent from their camps with or without leave, are ordered to report immediately at the various parole camps.

THE TESTIMONIAL TO M'CLELLAN FORBIDDEN.

An order from the War Department vetoes effectually the proposed subscriptions for a testimonial to Gen. MCCLELLAN started in the Army of the Potomac. To bring the matter into ridicule, subscriptions were about being started for testimonials to Gens. MCDOWELL, BURNSIDE and HOOKER by the friends of those officers; but an order from the Secretary of War readered such counter-movements needless.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

A meeting of Pennsylvanians employed in the departments here was held to-night, at WILLARD'S, to concert measures to aid the Union ticket in Pennsylvania at the coming election.

THE MISSOURI DELEGATION.

The Missouri delegation having prepared an address to the President, waited on him this morning, and he has fixed to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, to receive them and consider the address.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

CAPTURED IN THE GULF.

Commodore BELL, commanding the Western Gulf blockading squadron, reports that on the 13th inst. the steamer *Fox*, captured by the rebels in April last, was chased into Mississippi Sound and burnt. At the same time another blockade-runner, called the *Alabama*, one of the river-boats from Mobile, was chased into Chandeleur Islands and captured. Of this capture the Commodore says: "On shore they have been deluded into the belief that the vessel captured is the privateer *Alabama*, and she may be so publicly announced."

A BLOCKADE RUNNER STRANDED.

The United States steamer *Connecticut*, Capt. ALDEN, reports that, on the 23d inst., she drove on shore and destroyed the Confederate steamer *Phantom*, loaded with arms, &c., intending to run the blockade at Wilmington. She was built in England and is supposed to have been intended for a privateer. The *Connecticut* chased her about four hours, and finding that she was about being captured, her officers ran her ashore, took to their boats and escaped.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

The United States Court of Claims will commence its October term next Monday. Its jurisdiction was enlarged by an act of the late Congress. A very large number of new claims have been filed, including the Floyd acceptances of RUSSELL, MAJORS & Co., to the extent of $300,000. Judges BLACK, CURTIS, CAMPBELL and BRADFORD, of St. Louis, are counsel in the case, which will be argued as a question of law. Many claims come from Louisiana, Virginia, and other States, for losses and depredations by the military.

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE—THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

The twenty-first anniversary of the organization of the Sons of Temperance was celebrated here to-day. The procession, on reaching the White House, was invited to enter the East Room, which was nearly filled by the ladies and gentlemen participating in the ceremonies. President LINCOLN, on entering, was enthusiastically applauded, and, in the course of his response to the address presented to him, said when he was a young man, long ago, before the Sons of Temperance, as an organization, had an existence, he, in an humble way, made temperance speeches, and he thought he might say, to this day, he had never, by his example, belied what he then said.

As to the suggestions for the purpose of the advancement of the cause of Temperance in the army, he could not now respond to them. To prevent intemperance in the army is even a great part of the rules and articles of war. It is a part of the law of the land, and was so, he presumed, long ago, to dismiss officers for drunkenness. He was not sure that, consistently with the public service, more can be done than has been done. All, therefore, that he could promise, was to have a copy of the address submitted to the principal Departments, and have it considered whether it contains any suggestions which will improve the cause of temperance and repress drunkenness in the army any better than it is already done. He thought the reasonable man of the world had long since agreed that intemperance was one of the greatest, if not the very greatest, of all the evils among mankind. That was not a matter of dispute. All men agreed that intemperance was a great curse, but differed about the cure. The suggestion that it existed to a great extent in the army was true. But whether it was a cause of defeat he knew not; but he did know that there was a good deal of it on the other side. Therefore, they had no right to beat us on that ground. (Laughter.)

The remarks of the President were listened to with great interest, and repeatedly interrupted by applause.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Wreck of a Russian Corvette—Reported Repulse of the English Fleet at Japan—Shipping Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, Sept. 28.

The Russian war steamer *Novick*, last from Hakodadi, was wrecked on the north entrance to this harbor on the night of the 26th. The officers and crew were saved.

They report that according to Japanese accounts, received at Hakodadi, Aug. 20, the British fleet had been repulsed from Kagosinia, where it went to demand, from Prince SATSUMA, the surrender of RUSSELL'S murderers. As the fleet entered the inner harbor, an armed Japanese decoy boat drew toward the shore, which was pursued, attacked, and speedily sunk. Masked batteries opened on the fleet from the shore, riddling the advance vessels, before they could get out of range. The Japanese claim to have disabled the greater portion of the fleet, and the balance retired from the contest.

The Hamburg bark *George Sands*, FABIUS, from San Francisco, for Hong Kong, has been wrecked on the Crane Shoals; crew saved. She had on board $70,000 in specie on freight, and 2,500 tons of dunn for the French in Cochin-China.

Arrived, steamer *Brother Jonathan*, bringing $100,000 in treasure, from British Columbia.

Arrived, bark *Scotland*, (Hamburg,) ARTHAUS, from Hong Kong.

ORDER OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Celebration of the Twenty-first Anniversary.

The programme accompanying the announcement that the Sons of Temperance would meet at the Cooper Institute last evening, to celebrate their twenty-first anniversary, situated thither a concourse of people sufficient to fill the Hall to its utmost capacity. Not only were all the seats occupied, but every standing place in the aisles was appropriated. By far the larger portion of the audience was composed of ladies. Members of the various lodges were present, decorated with the emblems and honorary insignia of the Order. The officers and speakers, on coming upon the stage, were loudly applauded. The exercises were opened by singing the song, "Thrice Welcome, Brothers," after which an eloquent and impressive prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. TEMPLE, of New-Brunswick. The Chairman for the evening, Mr. S. L. CARLETON, M. W. P., of Maine, thanking the audience for the honor they had done him in selecting him as their presiding officer, indulged in some reminiscences connected with the Society at the period of its earliest existence—of the one who, now no more, first presided over their deliberations, and who, he said, was ever faithful to their glorious motto, "Love, Purity and Fidelity," after which he introduced the Union Glee Club, who sang "Come, all your goblets," a song which the audience, by their hearty cheering, seemed fully to appreciate. A compilation from the records of the National Division, giving the number of lodges now and at different former periods, and the prospects of the Order for the future, together with a statement of some of the benefits already flowing from it, was read by Mr. STARKEY, at the close of which reading another song, "Our Glorious Order," was sung by the Club, many of the audience joining in the chorus. After a few pertinent remarks by an old member of the Order, Rev. Mr. LEMMON, of Connecticut, Mr. BARUM, who had been alluded to by the Chairman as one of the many good things that they had of their anniversary, responded to the loud calls of the audience, and made a few humorous and characteristic remarks, declaring that he was the great statesman showing himself, as he had not arisen to make a speech, but only because there might be some in the audience who could never be seen. (Laughter.) He was followed by Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER, whose speech was brief and to the point, abounding in illustration and sentiment, and concluding with an eloquent and touching allusion to the present unhappy condition of our country, imploring his countrymen, each and all, not to give up the old ship. The concluding speech was made by Mr. CARSWELL, of Canada West. His speech abounded in anecdote and illustration, and was loudly applauded by the audience. He thanked the people of the United States for sending the red, white and blue, in the form of their badges to Canada, where many lodges had been established. He closed his remarks by declaring that Canadians were not all Secessionists, that the bone and sinew of the country were sympathizers with our Government in its attempts to crush the rebellion, that many had come from Canada to join our armies and fight for the Union, and that thousands would rejoice when our efforts should be crowned with success. The Glee Club then sang medley, and the assembly dispersed.

The New-York Post-Office.

The following note from Postmaster WAKEMAN sets to right some of the incidental statements of the article in our Monday's issue on "Postal Facilities," but, as will be seen, does not affect the general scope of our remarks, or detract from the force of our demand for important reforms:

POST-OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1863.

In your article this morning, headed "Postal Facilities in New-York," you say:

"In New-York our arrangements are all made on the theory that this is a little country town."

"There are, we believe, two deliveries a day by the carriers, but there is no means of having a City letter delivered on the day on which it is written, much less an answer received to it."

These statements are entirely erroneous. The City, embracing the whole of Manhattan Island, since the 7th of July last has been consolidated into one postal district, divided into thirteen station divisions, located as follows:

Station A, No. 120 Spring-street.
Station B, No. 202 Grand-street.
Station C, corner of Troy and Fourth streets.
Station D, No. 12 Bible House.
Station E, No. 326 Eighth-avenue.
Station F, No. 402 Third-avenue.
Station G, No. 1,360 Broadway.
Station H, Yorkville.
Station I, Manhattanville.
Station K, Manhattanville.
Station L, Harlem.
Station M, Washington Heights or Carmansville.
Station N, Kingsbridge Park, or Tubby Hook.

Mails from the main office and from each station are interchanged, each way, seven times per day between Stations "A" and "G" inclusive, and six times per day, each way, between Stations "H" and "L," (Yorkville and Harlem,) and twice per day, each way, between "K" "M" and "N," (Manhattanville, Washington Heights and King's Bridge Park.)

The carrier system has been extended over the entire island, except at Stations "K" "M" and "N."

Five deliveries per day (not two) are made by the carriers, 104 in number, as follows: first, at 8 A. M.; second, 10 A. M.; third, 12:30 P. M.; fourth, 2:30 P. M.; and, fifth, 4:30 P. M., except Stations "H," "I" and "L."

The post-box system has been extended correspondingly with the carrier system, so that there are now over 600 boxes established, each of which is visited six times per day by collectors appointed expressly for that purpose, at the following hours:

At 8½ A. M., arriving at Station at 9¼ A. M., at Post-office 10.40 A. M.
10 A. M., arriving at Station at 11 A. M., Post-office 12 M.
12 M., arriving at Station at 1 P. M., at Post-office 2½ P. M.
2½ P. M., arriving at Station at 3½ P. M., at Post-office 4.40 P. M.
4 P. M., arriving at Station at 5 P. M., Post-office 6 P. M.
6½ P. M., arriving at Station at 9 P. M., at Post-office 10 P. M.

On Sundays the last named (6½ P. M.) collection only is made.

Each carrier and collector now wears a badge of office, and is required to give bonds for the faithful performance of his duties.

The Stations are open from 6½ A. M. to 9 P. M.

We leave it for the public whether these regulations show that the Postmaster-General regards New-York as a "little country town."

Again, as to the European mail, you say:

"The hour of closing at the General Post-office is regularly announced, but this does not furnish the slightest clue as to the hour of closing at the up-town Stations. In order to ascertain the interval which is to elapse between them, you have to visit each Station before each mail, and examine the notice on the board."

This is quite erroneous.

Had you consulted your own columns, perhaps at the very time you were penning that article, you would have found the time of the closing of the European mails at each Station duly announced.

The following is clipped from your paper of Saturday, 26th:

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen per steamer HANSA, and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer ETNA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 26th day of September, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town Stations as follows:

Stations A and E, 10 A. M.
Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.
Stations F and G, 9¼ A. M.
Station G, 9 A. M.

ABRAM WAKEMAN, P. M.

The Department are furnishing to the people of this City postal facilities unsurpassed by any in this country, and it is believed they will soon equal, if not surpass, any in the world.

Respectfully, &c., ABRAM WAKEMAN.

Government Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The sales of Government bonds to-day amounted to $460,000. Deliveries of bonds are made to Sept. 25.

Arrivals in the City.

Vice-President Hannibal Hamlin arrived at the St. Nicholas Hotel yesterday. It is uncertain how long he will remain in the City.

Senator Pomeroy, Kansas; Hon. Erastus Corning and family, Albany; Alex. H. Rice and wife, Boston; C. L. Lamberton and wife, Pennsylvania; Judge Mills, New-Haven; Gen. Eden, Montreal; Cols. L. N. Crocker, Oswego, and J. W. Schaffer and wife, U. S. Army; and C. W. West, Cincinnati, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

M. Mercier, French Minister at Washington, is at the New-York Hotel.

Cols. O. L. Shephard, U. S. A., and H. D. Booth, Chicago; Major A. N. Nichols, U. S. A.; Dr. W. S. Heimbold, Philadelphia, and H. A. Stevens and J. P. Jaynes, Boston, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Capts. Geo. C. Remmon and H. G. Henderson, Morris Island, S. C., 52d G. S. Blodgett, U. S. A.; Jesse Butterfield, Connecticut; H. Fox, Trinidad, and R. H. Fite, St. Paul's, Minn., are at the Astor House.

Col. H. P. Hubbell, Wisconsin; Paymaster Stevens, U. S. N.; T. Lachmeyer, Providence; Capt. HENRY Gadsden, of the *Arago*, and H. Littlefield, Pawtucket, are at the Lafarge House.

GRAND RECEPTION OF THE RUSSIAN OFFICERS.

Transition the Appointed Hour—Executive and Municipal Preparations—A Military Escort—Gen. and Staff of the Evening.

The Joint Committee of the Common Council—Aldermen FARLEY, FREEMAN and HALL, and Councilmen KUHNE, McCORMICK and MOSHAT, with Alderman HARDER presiding, met yesterday in the Aldermanic Chamber to concert measures for the public reception of the officers commanding the Russian fleet now in this port.

His Honor, Mayor OPDYKE, City Inspector HOGAN and Gen. THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER were present. Gen. MEAGHER suggested that if there was to be a military display, the troops should be drawn up in line on Broadway, and simply reviewed, the only escort being a body of cavalry. This would save time and prevent unpleasant delay, while it would also be in conformity with the European method.

Mr. BOOTH hoped the Committee would prepare the reception on a style becoming the occasion. The affair so open to take place would become a matter of history, and we could not afford to adopt any halfway measures in receiving our Russian friends, for such they are and their Government are.

Alderman HALL, from the Committee on General Business, reported that he had waited upon Surveyor ANDERSON, who had tendered the use of the Government steam yacht for the proposed visit to the Russian fleet.

A committee FARLEY and City Inspector HOGAN, upon special request, started to visit the Russian Admiral for the purpose of ascertaining what day would be agreeable to him, and during their absence a recess was taken.

Alderman FARLEY and Mr. BOOTH, on their return at 3 P. M., reported that they had visited the Russian flagship, and that after a talk with the Admiral, Thursday was been fixed upon as the day of reception.

It was then agreed that the Committee should visit the fleet on Thursday next at noon, and tender the hospitalities of the City; that the Fire Department should accompany them to the City, where the First Division will meet them and escort the party to the City Hall. Here the Mayor will formally welcome them to the City, when the people will have an opportunity of shaking hands. Afterward the banquet will take place.

The Joint Special Committee will embark at 11 A. M. at Pier No. 1, East River on the Government steamer, and proceed to the Russian flagship Alexander Nevsky, on board of which they will formally present the engrossed resolutions of the Common Council of New-York to Rear-Admiral LISOVSKY through their Chairman, Alderman FREEMAN, after which, accompanied by the Staff of Russian naval officers, they will disembark and proceed to the foot of Twenty-third-street, on the North River side, where a grand salute will be fired under the direction of Brig.-Gen. YATES. From the landing, the whole party will proceed in coaches to the City Hall, where Mayor OPDYKE will extend a formal welcome to the strangers on behalf of the authorities and people of this metropolis. The following General Order indicates the arrangement of the military escort:

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION N. Y. S. M. G.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 14.—The Division will parade on the 2d day of October next, to escort the Mayor and Common Council of the City of New-York to the Reception of Rear-Admiral LISOVSKY and suite of the Russian Navy.

The Division line will be formed on Twenty-third-street, with the right on the Twelfth-avenue, at 10 o'clock in noon.

The salute will be fired by a detachment from the Second brigade, under the direction of Brig.-Gen. YATES.

The line of march will be published hereafter, in the General Orders of the Commissioners.

By order of Maj.-Gen. CHAS. W. SANDFORD,
J. H. WILCOX, D. A. G.

In the evening a grand banquet will conclude this memorable demonstration of the citizens of our great American emporium in honor of the representatives of the Autocratic Empire.

Should the weather be as beautiful as it has been for two or three days past, the present will closely rival the grand receptions of the Prince of Wales and of the Japanese Ambassadors, and prove a most memorable occasion in the annals of this City, and patriotism the visitors, who have come so far, to find unprecedented prosperity and so joyous welcome where they may have expected to behold all the mournful signs of devastating war.

A TOUR THROUGH THE HARBOR.

In compliance with an invitation extended by Gens. DIX and CANBY, who visited the Russian Admiral yesterday morning, and were very cordially received, that distinguished officer, accompanied by the Captains of his fleet, will go on a tour of inspection around the shores of our bay and its fortifications this morning, under escort of the City authorities and portions of their respective staffs, the Pilot Commissioners having placed their steamer, the Traveler, at the disposition of the party. This will be an interesting occasion for them, and furnish some fresh and perhaps surprising items of information for the Czar ALEXANDER, who is now so vigorously engaged in fortifying his own coasts against the possible attack of the Western Powers.

A NOVELTY FOR MICHAELMAS.

A Russian Pope at Trinity.

A most unwonted and curious incident signalized the celebration of Michaelmas in Trinity Church, yesterday. The peculiar novelty of the occasion consisted in the presence of the Chaplain of the Russian flagship, *Alexander Nevsky*. This gentleman is a fine specimen of the genuine Russian "Pope," or "Papas," to whom some so singularly apply the Spanish title of "padre," the latter word indeed meaning the same thing, but not exactly fitting the Russian tongue. The festival of St. Michael and of all Angels is one of those most reverenced in the Greek Catholic Church, and the worthy "Pope" saw it to observe it in an Episcopalian cathedral, which he did with every semblance of intense curiosity, interest and devotion. He was received with distinction and conducted to a conspicuous and comfortable seat near the altar, on the right side of which sat the Rt. Reverend Bishop DOANE, and, in the ceremonial Chair o the Episcopate.

The morning services, including the prayers and lessons, were pronounced by Rev. Drs. CUTLER, NORTON, WARNER and TUTTLE. The anthems was grandly sung by the full choir, accompanied by the organ, and seemed to make a deep impression on the foreign guest, who listened in solemn reverence. It comprised one of the most striking passages of the Book of Revelations: "I was in the spirit on the Lord's Day, and heard behind me a great voice as of a trumpet, saying: 'I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last: I am he that liveth and was dead, and behold I am alive forevermore.'" The reverend Rector of Trinity, Dr. DIX, gave forth the Ante-Communion service, Dr. TUTTLE pronouncing the epistle; after which the 26th hymn, commencing with the 3d verse, was loudly sung.

The sermon was by Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, whose theme was the three-fold relation subsisting between man and angels as the tract link between him and God. In his creation he was made only a little lower" than the heavenly host; in his redemption by the blood of Christ, he was exalted to an equality with them, and by the dispensations of ultimate grace, placed higher in the upward scale. After this interesting and impressive service, the Muscovite divine was surrounded and warmly greeted not only by the officiating and visiting clergy, but by very many of the congregation whom his modest courtesy and fine presence seemed greatly to please.

The Foreign Men-of-War—More Arrivals.

Yesterday, the following additions were made to the fleet of foreign vessels-of-war previously in the harbor:

The *Nile*, English line-of-battle ship, Capt. E. K. BARNARD, is the flagship of Sir ALEX. MILNE, Admiral, who is on board. Is a screw propeller of 800 horse power, 3,822 tons, 76 guns and crew of 820.

The *Immortalité*, Capt. GEORGE HANCOCK, English steam frigate, belonging to the North America and West India stations, is of 600 horse power, 3,059 tons, carries 51 guns.

The *Nimble*, in command of Lieut. JOHN DAVIS, English dispatch boat; propeller of 50-horse power, 426 tons, carries 3 guns, and crew of 100.

The French frigate *Guerriere*, from Halifax, Commander REYNAUD.

These vessels are anchored in the vicinity of the Russian fleet, making mutually probably the greatest number of foreign men-of-war ever at one time in the harbor. Of course all these distinguished and singularly simultaneous arrivals have created considerable interest, surmise and commment.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

PHALON & SON, No. 37 Union Square.

Sold by Druggists generally.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST is A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 148 Broadway.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—S. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Amesbury, Mass., and 14 Howard-street, Boston. Send for circular. Only agent of Palmer & Co. Avoid imitation by calling on the inventor.

GRAEFENBERG.—JASON S. HAMLIN says the publication of testimonials, by the voluntary friends of any remedy, is the very essence of quackery, and he will not, by the introduction of a new medical instrument, lay himself open to that charge. He will, however, say, in moderate argument, that CABINET ORGANS fairly & charming instrument, worthy of the high praise it has received; and for superior power, quality of tone, elasticity of touch, and beautiful workmanship, it is most heartily an instrument worthy a place beside the piano-forte, to which it is a fine companion. From its capacity for rendering much delightful music, shared and enjoyed by friends and parties, to which the piano is not adapted. GOTTSCHALK.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1863.

The CABINET ORGAN has been received by the musical profession with the greatest favor, and is universally recognized as embodying great improvements upon all previous instruments of the class. Its fine and pipe-organ tone fits it for larger churches and halls. The CABINET ORGANS are to private residences and smaller churches, &c. They occupy little room; are elegant pieces of furniture, and not liable to get out of order. Written opinions are in the hands of the manufacturers that they are the best instruments of their class in the world; and that then one hundred of the most distinguished organists and artists in the country. Price $170 to $600, according to number of stops and style of case. Warerooms Nos. 6 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York. Address

MASON BROTHERS.

Gentlemen:
The celebrated Pianist, says of them:
I have examined with GREAT CARE Mr. WM. B. BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE, and it is my opinion that they are VERY SUPERIOR INSTRUMENTS.
I have especially remarked their THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, and the power, purity, richness and EQUALITY of their tone. I consider them, therefore, valuable instruments to the public in general, and deserving of their success.
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

NEW-YORK, July 13, 1863.

The undersigned, the musical profession of New-York have also given the most unqualified testimonials in favor of these instruments.
WM. B. BRADBURY, No. 427 Broadway.

Gouraud's Liquid Hair Dye is, with its every reason or reservation, the very best ever invented; quickly colored; is GOURAUD'S MEDICATED SOAP, for curing pimples, freckles, sallow complexion, chaps, roughness, &c. POUDRE SUBTILE uproots hair from any part of the body. Liquid Rouge, Lily White and Hair Gloss—unlikely success during a period of a quarter of a century, has fully established the excellency of GOURAUD'S preparations. They can be found at Dr. FELIX GOURAUD'S new and old addresses, No. 453 Broadway, near Grand—removed from No. 67 Walker-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
UP-TOWN ACCOMMODATION OFFICE,
No. 505 Broadway, corner 23d-st.
MACHINES TO LET.
Excellent Operators with Machines sent into families by the DAY.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world; the only reliable and perfect dye; harmless, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" gold extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 252 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's
CELEBRATED PREMIUM SEWING-MACHINES
For sale at No. 495 Broadway.
Every description of Machine Sewing Done to order.

Grover & Baker's
NOISELESS FAMILY
SEWING-MACHINES,
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

Begle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Preserves Hair. BOGLE'S Electric Hair Dye, best in use. Try. Be convinced. Sold everywhere.
F. BOGLE, Boston.

Sewing-machines to Hire.
And for Sale on Easy Terms.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 343 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., 2d floor.

Bonnets, Fine and Rarden-Dyed Goods. Also, Blackbord and Fancy Goods, 50 Silver, Plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.
M. M. PATEN, Jr.

Trusses, &c.—H. RESH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. They attend.

For the Hair. Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all Druggists.

MARRIED.

BARRETT—YOUNG.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. BUTLER, D. D., by Rev. Frederick Hill, of New-York, Capt. BARRETT, U. S. N., and MARY ANN, youngest daughter of Mrs. Thomas Young, all of this City.

ROWLAND—MORRIS.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, by Rev. Dr. Osgood, of the Church of the Messiah, HORACE ROWLAND and HELEN E., daughter of the late Lewis H. Morris, both of this City.

MORGAN—POMEROY.—In Williamsburgh, on Tuesday, Sept. 29, by Rev. O. P. Foss, WILLIAM TAYLOR MORGAN to ELIZABETH, daughter of Ralph Pomeroy, Esq.

THOMSON—SHEAR.—On Wednesday, Sept. 30, by Rev. Dr. Asa D. Smith, GEORGE THOMSON, and MISS MARY J., daughter of E. P. B. Shear, Esq., all of this City.

☞ Albany and Newburgh papers please copy.

DIED

AUSTEN.—At his late residence, on Staten Island, on Monday, Sept. 28, DAVID AUSTEN, in the 80th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend his funeral, from Grace Church, on Thursday morning, Oct. 1, at 10 o'clock, without further invitation.

CRANE.—On Sunday, Sept. 27, seventeenth Sunday after Trinity, ELIZA JANE, wife of Rev. John W. Clark, Rector of St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn, E. D., in the 43d year of her age.

Funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, Gowanus, on Thursday, Oct. 1.

DEWEY.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 29, of Cholera, MARY WATSON, youngest child of George and Mary Dewey, aged 3 years and 1 month.

EVANS.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, at the residence of his grandfather, Rev. Charles Evans, No. 12 West Dean-st., Brooklyn, JOSEPH HOYT, infant son of Rev. T. Sandford and Matilda Covington Hyatt, aged 1 year and 23 days.

Funeral at Stamford this afternoon, Sept. 30, at 3½ o'clock.

GAY.—Suddenly, on Monday, Sept. 28, LEMUEL GAY, formerly of Troy, N. Y., aged 75 years.

GOODRICH.—At Hartford, Conn., on Saturday, Sept. 26, of the residence of John B. Haller, M. D., ALFRED GOODRICH, infant daughter of Frank C. and Emily L. Goodrich.

GOTTSCHALK.—On Monday, Sept. 28, after a long and painful illness, GEORGE EDWARD GOTTSCHALK, native of New-Orleans, La.—aged 27 years.

His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, Louis Gaston, Gottschalk, and the musical profession generally, are respectfully invited to attend as funeral on Wednesday morning, Sept. 30, at 9 o'clock A. M., precisely, from his late residence, No. 140 Eleventh-st., near 4th-av. (Decker-row,) and from thence to St. Stephen's Church, (Dr. O'Meara's,) corner of 28th-st. and 3d-av., where a Requiem Mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul.

HOLMES.—In Fort Lee, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 29, EVELINE D., youngest child of Catherine and John M. Holmes, aged 3 months and 19 days.

Carriages will be waiting at the foot of Spring-st., on Thursday, Oct. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend.

HOUTON.—In Hillsboro, Penn., on Monday, Sept. 28, Rev. GEORGE C. HOUTON, of the M. E. Church, aged 52 years.

PEARSALL.—On Sunday evening, Sept. 27, FRANCES PEARSALL, widow of Thomas C. Pearsall, in the 86th year of her age.

Her relatives and acquaintances, and those of her son, Edward Pearsall, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 1, at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 3 Waverley-place, without further invitation.

SHERMAN.—At Chethaw Landing, on Monday, Sept. 28, JACOB SHERMAN, in the 66th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at his late residence, on Thursday morning, Oct. 1, at 10 o'clock.

SMITH.—In Princeton, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 24, Mrs. CLARISSA P. SMITH, wife of Rev. David M. Smith, in the 55th year of her age.

SOTHER.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, WILLIAM BEETS, infant son of Abraham J. and Sarah Lavinia Sother, aged 9 months and 23 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on the afternoon of Thursday, Oct. 1, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, at Dobbsville, L. I.

WEBB.—On Monday, Sept. 28, Mrs. CATHARINE WEBB, widow of Capt. James Webb, aged 84 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, Sept. 30, at 2 o'clock, from No. 376 Greenwich-st.

ZABRISKIE.—At Fort Hudson, La., on Wednesday, Sept. 16, of typhoid pneumonia, SIDNEY ZABRISKIE, Second Lieutenant in U. S. Volunteers, in the 19th year of his age.

ZIMMERMANN.—Suddenly, of disease of the heart, MARIA LOUISA ZIMMERMANN, widow of the late John C. Zimmermann, Senior, of this City.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY STATE CLASS 220.—Sept. 28, 1863.
22, 36, 47, 72, 65, 26, 12, 19, 53, 27, 1, 10, 70.

KENTUCKY STATE CLASS 221.—Sept. 29, 1863.
18, 24, 53, 56, 67, 45, 57, 69, 1, 32, 64, 46, 7, 66.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing or calling on
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THE DIAPHRAGM FILTER, AS AN INVENTION, is respected by the leading inventors of this CITY, and generally by professional and scientific gentlemen, as the most simple, durable and correct apparatus for the purification of water under pressure. It has been awarded two gold and three silver medals by the American and Maryland Institutes, and by the Mechanics' Association Charitable Association, and approved of by over most eminent chemists, (with additional testimonials,) as follows:

The Diaphragm Filter, manufactured by ALEXANDER MCKENZIE, No. 449 4th-av., is the best of proven principles, and the most simple in its construction, durable and correct in its operation, and I consider it the most valuable article for the purpose. The fundamental is quite durable, and readily adapted to the several requirements to insure its action.
JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.

New-York, March 20, 1863.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WANTED, AN ACCEPTABLE Article for Agents. A liberal price will be paid. Apply at No. 42 Fifth-st., in the basement.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
DISEASE OF THE BRAIN,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
OF THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE; OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED.
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either Medical or Surgical aid, attended to

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 618
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

READ.

HARLEM, July 29, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now hear well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I deem it perfectly. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d-avs.

CATARRH CURED.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 22, 1863.

I have been suffering for the last three years from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I have had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, constantly attended with spitting, often with a fullness of my throat, together with a noisiness and a dropping. Dr. VON EISENBERG has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I now feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. VON EISENBERG is established as it is successful. It is impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care, with a certainty of being speedily cured. I give this with gratitude and pleasure. I cannot forbear again saying that my voice, which was hoarse and thick when I applied to Dr. VON EISENBERG, is now clear and good; indeed, I feel altogether satisfied.

JAMES LITTLE,
No. 265 7th-av., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 6.

I have been suffering for years past from a severe Catarrh, with a great heaviness over my eyes, with a severe depression, great nervousness, and pain in my head, great difficulty in breathing, and a continual accumulation in my nostrils, which gave me restless nights for several years. I have consulted several physicians, who pronounced me to be consumptive. What I suffered for so long a time is indescribable. My system was entirely disarranged and greatly debilitated. I not only felt weak, but I had a cloud continually before my eyes, and my ears were so affected that I was threatened with a total loss of hearing. I must say, I think, I was guided by Providence to come to Dr. VON EISENBERG, who not only cured me of my Catarrh by removing an inhabiting quantity of disagreeable matter from my head, but restored me to perfect health, a blessing I have not enjoyed for many years. Now I enjoy a good night's rest, and pursue my business with comfort. I must acknowledge that Dr. VON EISENBERG'S mild and scientific treatment for Catarrh deserves the highest commendation, as the principle which guides his system of curing Catarrh is such as to render success certain.

JAMES FURLONG, No. 255 2d-av.

No. 126 Allen-st., New-York, Feb. 2, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for many seventeen years, with a dizziness, the discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City, without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. VON EISENBERG, but I must confess that I had no faith in his success when I did so. I, however, due to Dr. VON EISENBERG, to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can really state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1863.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a total loss of hearing. Dr. VON EISENBERG removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously and all without pain. His with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 2 South-st.

SIGHT RESTORED.

JUNE 25, 1863.

My daughter brought me to Dr. VON EISENBERG almost completely blind in both eyes. I could not bear the pain nor the light. I am completely cured by Dr. VON EISENBERG, and collect now to express my gratitude to the Doctor for his skill and unremitting attention, by which I recovered one of the most precious assets to me after being deprived of it for four years. It is only due to Dr. VON EISENBERG to state that I have tried several operations in vain. I shall be happy to hear personal testimony to Dr. VON EISENBERG'S unrivaled success to any lady or gentleman who will call on me.

HUGH GILLON,
No. 9 Cullen-st., Brooklyn.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

NEW-YORK, March 26, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. VON EISENBERG, I consulted him with but little hopes of cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown to my mind that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. VON EISENBERG with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK THEBE, No. 500 6th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 618 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

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NEW SERIES—JUST PUBLISHED.

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Great care has been taken to select ENTERTAINING, graceful and extended pieces, and that the different numbers of the NEW SERIES should be CAREFULLY GRADUATED to the capacity of the classes for which they are designed.

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Copies of the books will be furnished to teachers and school officers for examination, or they will be sent by mail on receipt of the postage, which is for the Sixth, 24 cents; Fifth, 20 cents; Fourth, 16 cents; Third Primary, 12 cents; Second Primary, 8 cents; and First Primary, 6 cents.

The publication of the Old Series will be continued as heretofore.
BREWER & TILESTON,
No. 132 Washington-st., Boston.

A CRITICAL HISTORY OF FREE THOUGHT.

D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway,
Have just Published

A CRITICAL HISTORY OF FREE THOUGHT
IN
REFERENCE TO THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION.
BY
ADAM STORRY FARRAR, M. A.,
Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford.
1 vol., small 8vo., 325 pages. Price, $2.

Prof. FARRAR'S elaborate work, if faithfully followed out by means of a thorough, sound and intelligent, would give the student at least a year's solid reading. He covers the whole ground from Celsus to Colenso, from Julian, the Great Emperor, to our countryman, Emerson; of whom he gives a brief and not wholly inadequate notice; and he takes up each of these authorities, even giving volume and page in many instances.

He endeavors to set forth the history of Free Thought, and show how the form of doubt in one century passed into or was succeeded by that of the next, at the same time passing judgment on the opinions and character of each writer as he passes them.—Boston Commonwealth.

☞ This book will be sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of the price.

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C. SCRIBNER, No. 124 Grand-st., New-York,
HAS JUST PUBLISHED,
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DIARIES FOR 1864—seventy different sizes and styles.
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The design of this unique and favorite collection, illustrative of Mr. Oscanyan's travels, is generally great. Any would, however, ask friends in the country that their orders will be executed as expeditiously as circumstances will permit.
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THE HEPTAMERON—BY MARGARET, QUEEN OF NAVARRE.—Full translated from a complete copy of the original work—the richest treat to be found in French literature. Just published, in 2 handsome volumes of 540 pages, cloth gilt, with 16 superb full-page illustrations, for $1 50; by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 50.
GALVIN BLANCHARD, No. 36 Ann-st.

THE KNICKERBOCKER MONTHLY—Edited by KINAHAN CORNWALLIS.—The Editor's Table, by LEWIS GAYLORD CLARK. The October number now ready.

DEAFNESS, CATARRH
AND DISEASES OF THE
EAR AND THROAT.

DR. LIGHTHILL, author of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness," "Catarrh," &c., &c., can be consulted on *Deafness, Catarrh, Discharges from the Ear, Noises in the Head*, and all the various acute and chronic diseases of the Ear and Throat, at his office, No. 26 St. Mark's-place, (8th-st., between 2d and 3d-avs.) from 8 A. M. till 2 P. M.

Reference to parties of the highest responsibility cured of Deafness, Catarrh, &c., &c., residing in this City and elsewhere, can be obtained on application.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING,
A NEW AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
IN
FALL AND WINTER
GOODS.
DEVLIN & CO.,
Broadway, corner Grand-st.
Brooklyn, corner Warren-st.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.

J. WOOD'S Classes in a new and improved system of Light Gymnastics for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, are now organizing at his Boys and Youths' Gymnasium, No. 6 East 30th-st.

All persons suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion or weak lungs, should not fail to attend.

Also, Gymnasium, calisthenic and singing class taught by a competent Professor.

LOWREY'S RIDING ACADEMY, CORNER 6th-av. and 36th-st., the patronage public are respectfully invited to the spacious, well-ventilated, and warm Riding Academy, &c.

POLITICAL.

UNION RATIFICATION MEETING.
COME AND HEAR FROM THE NORTHWEST!
The Committee have the pleasure to announce that in addition to the other distinguished gentlemen who are to speak at
THE UNION RATIFICATION MEETING
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE
TO-MORROW NIGHT,
They have secured the presence of
Hon. Mr. JOHNSON,
Hon. C. D. DRAKE, and
Hon. E. PETORIUS, of Missouri.
These gentlemen are members of the delegation to the President from the Union men of Missouri.
HENRY SMITH,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
T. C. ARDS,
Secretary of Committee of Arrangements.

HON. E. B. WASHBURN,
OF ILLINOIS,
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE
TO-NIGHT.
Seats reserved for ladies.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE,
TO-NIGHT,
Seats reserved for Ladies.

UNION MEETING AT
COOPER INSTITUTE,
THIS EVENING AT ½ O'CLOCK.
The Committee of Arrangements announce the following as the order in which the speakers will address the assemblage:

INSIDE MEETING.
Hon. HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
His Excellency, Gov. CONEY, of Maine.
Gen. JOHN COCHRANE.
Hon. C. E. DEAKE, of Missouri.
Hon. E. B. WASHBURNE, of Illinois.
Hon. Mr. JOHNSON, of Missouri.
Hon. CORTLANDT PARKER, of New-Jersey.
Hon. CHARLES SEDGWICK.
Admiral FARRAGUT will be present some time during the evening.

OUTSIDE MEETINGS.
STAND NO. 1.
Hon. CLARK B. COCHRAN,
Col. RUSH C. HAWKINS,
Hon. FREDERICK A. CONKLING,
Hon. MARTIN T. TOWNSEND, and
EITHAN ALLEN, Esq.

STAND NO. 2.
FOR GERMAN SPEAKERS.
Hon. E. PETORIUS,
HERMAN BAXTER,
ANDREAS WILLMANN,
EDMUND REHACK,
PHILLIP FRANKENHEIMER and
DR. DOUAI.

STAND NO. 3.
HON. E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
CAPT. JOSEPH C. JACKSON, of N. J.,
HON. HORACE GREELEY,
THURLOW WEED,
ISAIAH T. WILLIAMS, and
DAVID B. JAQUES.

Speakers are requested to meet at precisely 7 P. M. at the Astor-st. House, southeast corner of 8th-st. and Broadway, where the Committee will be in waiting to receive them.

N. B.—Seats reserved for ladies at Cooper Institute.
By order of HENRY SMITH,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
T. C. ARDS, Secretary.

HON. C. D. DRAKE,
HON. MR. JOHNSON,
HON. E. PETORIUS,
of Missouri,
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE
TO-NIGHT.
Seats reserved for Ladies.

UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1863.

AT A MEETING HELD AT HEADQUARTERS, corner of Broadway and 32d-st., the following call for Primary Elections was adopted:

Resolved, That it is recommended to the several Ward Associations represented in this Committee, to immediately, at meetings of all citizens resident in the several Wards who are in favor of sustaining the National Administration in its vigorous prosecution of the war until the final and complete suppression of this rebellion, and in favor of enforcing order and sustaining the laws, and of supporting the nominations made by the Union State Convention, held at Syracuse on the 21 instant, without regard to previous political associations, and that all such citizens be invited to unite with them under the title of, and that, thereafter, said Associations be known by the name of

UNION WARD ASSOCIATIONS.

Resolved, That the said respective Ward Associations be and they are hereby requested to provide for the immediate organization of all such citizens, and that at least two evenings previous to the primary election hereinafter referred to, be set aside for that purpose, and that all persons thus duly enrolled, and all members of the present Ward Associations are hereby declared to be entitled to vote at all future elections.

Resolved, That the several Union Ward Associations as constituted be and they are hereby directed to meet at their several headquarters on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 6, for the purpose of electing delegates to the following Conventions:

1. A County Convention, to consist of five delegates from each Ward, to nominate candidates for Surrogate, Registry, Supervisor and Recorder.

2. A Judiciary Convention, to consist of three delegates from each Ward, to nominate candidates for Justice of the Supreme Court, two Judges of the Superior Court, a Judge of the Court of

FINANCIAL.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

The Government are now delivering the FIVE-TWENTY BONDS as rapidly that we shall be ever to be prepared to fill orders without the delay hereto/ore experienced.

We shall endeavor to keep a supply of all denominations on hand for immediate delivery.

We also buy and sell at market rates:
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of 1881.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND SUBSISTENCE VOUCHERS, and all GOVERNMENT issues.
BANK, GAS & RAILROAD STOCKS and SECURITIES bought and sold on commission.
DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 38 WALL-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 44 WALL-ST.,
Will continue to furnish
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
A long as issued by the Government, at par and accrued interest.
To Banks and Bankers the usual Commission is allowed.
The Department at Washington having filled all bank orders for these Bonds, are now proceeded to furnish them without the delay heretofore experienced.
6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
6 PER CENT COUPON BONDS, of 1881.
For sale at market rates.
The Coupons for November interest on Five-Twenty Bonds received, and credited on Market rate of Gold.
VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

NOTICE.
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.
Two thousand shares of the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company have been subscribed, and ten per cent. thereof paid to the Treasurer of said Company, a meeting of the subscribers to the Stock of said Company, for the election of Directors thereof, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 20 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on the 30th day of October next, at noon.
WM. H. GODDES, President.
Harvey V. Fox, Secretary.
New-York, Sept. 30, 1863.

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
Office of
PARKE & BOWDOIN,
No. 15 Wall-st. (corner of Pearl-st.).
Having been appointed agents for the United States 5-20 Loan, we are prepared to receive subscriptions to the above Bonds at par. Interest to gold, commencing on the day of deposit. Orders executed by draft on Gold. City will receive our prompt attention.
PARKE & BOWDOIN.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the Brokers' Board; also available Paper and Loans negotiated.

BERRIEN, HODGES & CO.,
BROKERS,
No. 42 Exchange-place,
Gold, Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities, &c., bought and sold on commission.
Dividends collected.
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

BILL BROKERAGE
AND
COLLECTION.
H. VAN VALKENBURGH,
Lock Box No. 1,561, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Refers to JOSEPH WALKER, Pres't, Manhattan Life Insurance Company, New-York City.

EDWARD KING,
Offers his services to the Board of Brokers for the purchase of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 4 HANOVER-ST.

BROWN BROTHERS & Co.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI R. R. Co.,
CHILLICOTHE, O., Sept. 26, 1863.
NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION was adopted by the Board of Directors the 19th of March, 1863:
Resolved, That as a guarantee of the punctual payment of the interests upon the funded debt of this Company, the first net earnings in each half of the fiscal year, to the extent of twenty per cent. thereof, shall be set apart and held inviolately deposited as follows, viz.: so much as may be necessary to pay the coupons upon the sterling bonds in the London Joint Stock Bank, the said sum as may be necessary to pay the coupons upon the dollar bonds in New-York, which deposits shall be held exclusively and only for said public notice of the deposit shall be duly made by publication in the Cities of London and New-York in such manner as the President may direct."
The net earnings for the month of July being more than sufficient for the purpose, funds have been deposited with the London Joint Stock Bank in London, which Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., in New-York, are to pay coupons as the same fall due 1st February next.
Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. will pay the coupons as presentation, deducting interest at six per cent. per annum.
WM. E. WATSON, Secretary.

BURLINGTON AND MISSOURI RIVER RAILROAD CO.—Holders of Scrip issued by the Company and to any other persons falling due Oct. 1, will be paid on that day upon presentation to the Treasurer, No. 42 City Exchange, Broad-street, Boston; or they may be sent to him by mail, and a check on New-York will be returned.
Interest on Scrip will cease on said day, as declared according to requirement of law.
JOHN M. DENISON, Treasurer.
Boston, Sept. 18, 1863.

CINCINNATI, WILMINGTON AND ZANESVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—Holders of the securities of the above-named Company, including stockholders and floating debt creditors, are requested to sign the terms of proposition and to resign their bonds or evidences of indebtedness and certificates of stock to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of October, 1863, in order to participate in the purchase of the road.
CHARLES MORAN, Purchaser,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF THE CITY of Watertown, Wisconsin, issued to the Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad Company, or to the current funds bonds in the office of M. H. WOODY & CO., No. 8 Wall-st., New-York, receive in exchange therefor stock of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, at the rate of six shares of stock for each $1,000 of bonds, with all coupons attached.
New-York, Sept. 26, 1863.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY INCOME BOND COUPONS.—The account of the coupons due Oct. 1 on the Income Bonds of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company has been placed to the credit of the holders, and will be paid to them on presentation.
C. E. DOERING & SON,
No. 54 William-st.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD COMPANY,
SYRACUSE, Sept. 24, 1863.
THE INTEREST DUE SEPT. 1, 1863, ON the Bonds of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company will be paid at the Continental Bank, New-York City, on presentation of Coupons.
O. WELCH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF LOUISIANA, CHEW & Co.,
BANKERS, No. 34 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER, upon application, "5-20" 6 per cent. bonds in all denominations, at par.
LAWRENCE, CLEWS & CO.,
Agents for the U. S. 5-20 Loan.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST, DUE Oct. 1, on bonds of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad, will be paid on and after that day, on the presentation of the coupons at the office of M. Kemp & Co., No. 10 Exchange-place, New-York.
JAMES BREDIN, Treasurer.
SAGINAW, Sept. 21, 1863.

CHEMICAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1863.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this company will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, Oct. 5. The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 P. M.
S. S. WHITE, Cashier.

$10,000 WANTED, FOR FIVE YEARS, BY A manufacturing enterprise, secured by a first mortgage on real estate, to be secured by a first mortgage on real estate, ample and satisfactory. Address R., Box No. 1,641 Post-office.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers.
By A. C. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 29 Exchange-place.

HOLDERS OF AMERICAN CONTINENTAL Bonds and Scrip, by Van Lennep Scrip, whether the amounts are small or large, may obtain full value for the same at the office of
W. C. GILMAN, No. 48 Pine-st.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.—Coupons on the Ninth Mortgage Bonds will be paid on presentation at the Bank of Commerce.
ANDREW C. ZABRISKIE, No. 18 Pine-st.

WANTED—A FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS OF the Secretary's Commission of the People's Bank, of Brooklyn. Apply to
WM. E. HAMILTON, No. 38 Wall-st.

CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO ARE CALLED for $100,000 of their 3 per cent. bonds, issued by
W. C. GILMAN & CO., No. 48 Pine-st.

A LIVING INSURANCE SCRIP WANTED
W. C. GILMAN, No. 48 Pine-st.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONNELE BUILDING, No. 63 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1863.
TWENTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) per cent., out of the earnings of the Road, for the three months ending on the 30th inst., and a Dividend of Five (5) per cent. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of October next. The transfer books will be closed from the creation of the 30th of September until the morning of the 7th of October next.
HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

FORTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors of the BULL'S HEAD BANK have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Three (3) per cent., free of Government tax, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 1st day of October next. The transfer books will be closed from this date to the 1st proximo, inclusive.
SAML. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1863.
A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. And the United States Government tax has been declared, payable on the 12th day of October next, to the stockholders of record on and at the time of closing the Transfer books. The Transfer books will be closed on the 30th day of September, and opened on the 13th day of October next.
F. H. TOWE, Secretary.

SIXTH AND LEARNER BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1863.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 5th proximo. The transfer book will be closed from the 21st to the 5th of Oct. inclusive.
WM. HISBAM, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 42 WALL-STREET, NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1863.
TWENTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the capital stock of the Company, payable to the stockholders on demand.
JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE KNICKERBOCKER ICE COMPANY,
No. 452 CANAL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1863.
THE TRUSTEES OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., payable on and after Oct. 1. The transfer books will be closed from Sept. 27 till Oct. 1.
THEO. BROWNING, Sec'y.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 293 BOWERY.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum allowed on $2,000 and under; 6 per cent. per annum on larger sums. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1 will draw interest from that date.
CHAS. PEOK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

THIRD-AV. SAVINGS BANK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 25TH-ST.
CHARTERED 1854.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made on or before 1st October will draw interest from that date.
Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also, on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUG. F. LEE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
No. 177 Chatham-square, New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
INTEREST ON MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE OCT. 1, WILL COMMENCE ON THAT DATE. *Tax Dividend will be paid free of Government tax.*
Bank open daily from 10 to 3 and from 6 to 7 P. M.
E. D. VAN FELT, President.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.—CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK, corner of Bowery and Canal-st., open every day from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8. Deposits made now will bear interest from Oct. 1. Bank books in English, German and French.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. SIBELL, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK.—CORNER OF Chambers and Bleecker-sts. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8. Six per cent interest allowed. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1, will draw interest from that date.
THOMAS CHRISTY, Secretary.
R. H. RUSS, Secretary.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—VERY PLEASANT AND WELL-furnished rooms, with all modern improvements, suitable for gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, at No. 34 West 32d-st. Dinner at 6, and convenient to cars and stages.

BOARDING.—A PARLOR AND BED ROOM TO Rent, with Board. Dinner at six. Reference required. Apply at No. 72 24-st.

BOARD WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, IN A PRIvate family, by a lady alone, if required, would be happy to teach the elements of music or French. Location between 14th and 34th-sts. Address H. H., Box No. 289 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED.—A FAMILY CONSISTING of two, including servant, wish furnished rooms for the winter, with board in a private family or small boarding-house. Will require two rooms and parlor. Location between 4th and 6th-avs. and 14th and 34th-sts. None but first-class accommodations desired. Reference given and required. Address V., Box No. 4,311 Post-office.

ROOMS WANTED.—WANTED, A SUITE OF Rooms, with parlor, for a family of three persons, in a first-class house and good neighborhood. Private table preferred. Address R., Box No. 183 Post-office.

WANTED—BETWEEN FOURTEENTH AND 23d-sts., or near 8th-av., board for two gentlemen and their families in private house; also family for two of wife, three children and servant. The other of wife, one child and servant. Address H., Box No. 4,466 Post-office.

WANTED—BETWEEN 16TH AND 20TH STS. or near 6th-av., board for the Winter for a gentleman, wife, child and servant. Address C., Box No. 4,466 Post-office.

A T NO. 176 EAST 14TH-ST.—A ROOM TO let to suit a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, on the second floor; a hall room on the third floor; the location is good, the house airy and pleasant; references required.

COUNTRY BOARD.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE procured for the Summer and Fall season in a comfortable country residence surrounded with shade trees, beautiful scenery, and handsomely located among the hills. Air is pure, healthy and cool. Liberal table, best rooms and place. Reference required. Address R. T., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AN ACTIVE OR silent partner, who can command $10,000 to $15,000, in a safe and permanent manufacturing business, which is very lucrative and can be made very much larger. The undersigned, the advertisers in the instant need of additional capital to realize large immediate results, and the interest offered is valuable. Address, with name and reference, D., P. O. & CO., Box No. 146 Times Office.

$2,500 CASH AND ACTIVE PARTNER wanted, in an established manufacturing business in the City; sales exclusively cash; pays 10 per cent. profit, and can be largely extended. Address A. & W., Box No. 161 Times Office.

PARTNERSHIP.—$3,000 to $5,000.—WANTED IMmediately, a cash active business man in an established manufacturing and jobbing business in this City; sales for cash and profits large; none but principals need apply. Address JOBBER, Box No. 109 Times Office.

KENDALL'S

AMBOLINE.

AMBOLINE.

AMBOLINE.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Prevents hair from falling out

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Causes it to grow on bald heads.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Prevents hair turning gray.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Permanently removes dandruff.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Gives daily luster and beauty.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Prevents nervous headache.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Restores hair soft and glossy.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Is purely vegetable.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
Cures all diseases of the scalp.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE
The best hair-dressing for children.

Prepared only by KENDALL & BANNISTER, No. 6 Broadway, New-York. Sold by all Druggists.
Price $1 per box, containing two large bottles. For sale by all Druggists.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Envelopes, Silver Plates, and a full assortment of Stationery.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SUPPLEE, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS.
BY EMINENT DUSSELDORF ARTISTS.
By D. W. IVES & CO., on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 1, at 8 o'clock, at the Sales Room, No. 625 Broadway, a collection of valuable and fashionable works of art by the most eminent artists of Dusseldorf, together with several paintings of American artists. We would simply state that the collection has been made in every case from the artists themselves by a gentleman of cultivated taste, whose opportunities for the selection of paintings of the highest class are unsurpassed. Every specimen in the sale may be fairly said to be a chef d'œuvre of the particular artist—the range of subjects including history, landscape, figures, genre, fruit, marine, &c., &c. the principal feature being the presence of the world-renowned painting,
"RETURN OF THE REAPERS," BY BECKER,
which for most one of the leading attractions in the Van Mr. Becker's collection of Dusseldorf pictures. In addition, is a SUPERB FRUIT PIECE, BY PREYER, and pictures by
Preyer, Leutze, Achenbach,
De Block, C. M. Webb, Herr Von Bremen,
Hubner, Guillemin, Kindler,
Kobbe, Peel, Herzog,
Becker, Marples, Adler,
Hindeman, Sayer, Hoch,
De Brackeleer, Stahl, D'Unker,
Gesellschap, C. Becker, Engelhardt,
Meyerheim, Brenier, Steinicke,
Munthe, Flamm, Boser,
Jacobsen, Klein, Volkers.
The collection is now on exhibition, and catalogues ready for delivery from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. until sale. Catalogues will be forwarded by mail to those sending a request to that effect. Auctioneers' Office, Nos. 625 and 627 Broadway.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MOST OF WHICH WAS MADE BY BAUDOINE; CARVED ROSEWOOD PIANO, WINDOW CURTAINS, BRONZES, &c.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the elegant residence, No. 9 West 38th-st., near 5th-av., household furniture, most of which was made by Baudoine, consisting of Axminster carpets, Brussels do., carved rosewood sofas, covered with crimson figured satin; crimson and white curtains, elegant lace window curtains, rosewood French plate mirrors, gilt marble-top side table, elegant mirror plate, back etageres, bronze groups, rich painted vases, carved rosewood 7-octave piano, made by William Hall & Son, music rack and piano stool; elegant gilt cornice chairs, &c., &c.
DINING-ROOM.
Carved rosewood extension dining table, rosewood settee, in moquet; rosewood sofa, in green rep; carved rosewood sideboard, green worsted brocade window curtains, gilt cornice poles, green and crimson shade and gilt elegant and rich portion, richly painted.
BEDROOMS.
Carved rosewood bedsteads, carved rosewood marble-top dressing bureaus, rosewood armoire-à-glaces, rosewood chairs, rosewood cane curled hair mattresses, palliasses, painted and pillows, rosewood suits, in green and gold brocatel; elegant lemon colored satin window curtains, gilt cornices, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, mahogany bedsteads, &c., &c., all of which will be found in the most perfect order.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 30th day of September, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Union Stores, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer
ELLA JENNEY,
Consisting of
GROCERIES,
TEA,
COFFEE,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS and MEDICINES,
WINE SALT,
PIG LEAD,
ENFIELD RIFLES,
SWORDS and BLADES,
ALCOHOL,
SEGARS, and
A LARGE LOT
ASSORTED
GOODS, &c., &c.
Also, 25 lens English F. Cast. from prize steamer PETERHOFF.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.
PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, &c., AT AUCTION, BY ORDER OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, by order of ISAAC HENDERSON, Navy Agent.
PROVISIONS—A large quantity of Bread, Beef, Pork, Flour, Rice, Dried Apples, Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Butter, Beans, Desiccated Vegetables, Molasses, Tomatoes, Whiskey, Vinegar, &c.
CLOTHING—Round Jackets, Jumpers, Trowsers, Frocks, Undershirts and Drawers, Flannel Shirts, Canvas Pants, Boots, Sneakers, Shoes, socks, 1 Mattress, Blankets, Coats, Caps.
SMALL STORES—Tobacco, Soap, Ribbon, Tapes, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Needles, Thimbles, Buttons, Combs, Pepper, Spoons, Forks, Blacking, Gilt Bands Gross Measure, Pins, Suspenders, &c., &c.
Also, lot of empty Barrels and Boxes; also, Bread Bags.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers.
No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOFORTE, MIRROR, GAS-FIXTURES, &c., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Oct. 6, 1863, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 146 Lexington-av., between 28th and 29th-sts., the entire elegant furniture containing in part the following: Set of carved rosewood parlor suit in crimson plush, elaborately carved rosewood etageres, marble tops; rosewood centre tables, marble tops; fine French plate, pier and mantel mirrors, rich gilt frames; carved rosewood piano-forte full octave, by Chickering; sewing machine; Voltaire and Grecian couches, in satin; fine Wilton and Brussels brokasse; carved rosewood secretary; elegantly carved rosewood and walnut French bedsteads, dressing-bureaus, washstands, commodes, wardrobes, hair-mattresses, spring mattresses, curled hair-mattresses, couches, easy chairs; mirrors, fine solid oak pillar extension-table, elegant oak table, marble top; sofa and dining chairs, in rep; rosewood hall stand and chairs; fine cut glassware; French china, elegant gas fixtures; kitchen furniture; velvet, Ingrain and Venetian carpets, &c., &c., together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
The furniture will be on exhibition on MONDAY, Oct. 5, by permit from office No. 3 Pine-st.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 30th day of October, 1863, at 12 o'clock P. M., at Winsor's Stores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize ship *Running Star*, consisting of part of the tobacco and part bales of cotton, and handsomely boxed, viz.: Cigars in bales, Air is pure, healthy and cool. Liberal table, best rooms and place. Reference required. Address R. T., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

F. COTTIER, Auctioneer.
IMPORTANT SALE OF RICH HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Carpets, Mirrors, Curtains, Silver and Silver-plated Ware, Oil Paintings, Rare Pictures, Chandeliers, Parlor Suites, &c.—F. COTTIER will sell THIS DAY, Sept. 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 736 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel, the unique and best assorted stock of household furniture that has been offered at auction. It will consist in part of rich rosewood, ebony, mahogany, and black walnut parlor furniture, buffets, wardrobes, secretaries, carved sofabedsteads, dressing-bureaus, centre and card tables, velvet, Brussels, and other carpets, oil-cloths, matting, damask and other curtains, mirrors, pictures, chandeliers, fine rosewood and mahogany pianofortes, one billiard table, together with a large quantity of plain second-hand furniture from two families. Also, several very fine extension tables. Catalogues will be ready early Wednesday morning.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL By auction, on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.,
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Consisting of a general assortment of velvet and Brussels carpets, carved rosewood suits in green plush, rosewood sofa bedsteads, mirror plates, rosewood marble-top commode, rosewood sofa-table, black walnut marble-top dressing bureaus, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, palliasses, silver-plated ware, &c.
Also, pianos, chandeliers, glass-ware and a fine collection of valuable books.
At 3 o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st., for account of whom it may concern, single and double barrel twist guns and fowling pieces, for men and youths' use, in good order.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.
SECOND-HAND WAGON, HORSE, &c.—SOLOMON E. OSGOOD will sell on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, in front of his salesrooms, No. 53 Cortlandt-st., light 4-wheel truck, with side boxes; bay horse 7 years old, first-rate draft horse, warranted sound; also, 1 pung. Also, harness, doctor's gig, two no-top City built buggies, Germantown rockaways, coupé rockaway, built by Lawrence; four-seat Park wagons, second-hand shifting-top buggies, single and double harness, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL By auction, on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, in front of our salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.,
A pair of bay carriage horses, about 16 hands high, 6 and 7 years old; sound and kind in single and double harness, very stylish drivers; sold for want of use.
A bay horse, 16 hands high, 7 years old, believed to be sound and kind in harness and under saddle. Also, a single harness, in good order.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.
1,000 CASES BOOTS, BROGANS AND GAITERS AT AUCTION.—By RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 64 Cortlandt-st., comprising a large assortment of fall and winter goods, suitable for both for City and country trade, to which we invite the attention of buyers from all sections. Catalogues early on morning of sale.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.—By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 1st day of October, 1863, at 12 o'clock noon, at Hall's Basin, foot of Hall-st., Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize schooner PRINCE LEOPOLDO, consisting of about 600 barrels of petroleum.
R. MURRAY, United States Marshal.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CORNER OF 6TH AND 7TH STS., WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26, 1863.
WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on the first general sale days WEDNESDAY, 28th, 14th and 21st of October, at the general depot of Quartermaster, a large lot of HORSES and MULES, condemned as unfit for public service.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terms cash, in Government funds.
CHAS. PARKINSON, A. C. S.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
H. E. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, at No. 23 Nassau-st., a second hand, 2 years old, 12½ hands high, stylish driver and family horse. Sold because the owner has no further use for him.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE,
AN ELEGANT AND HIGHLY FINISHED COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM ON LONG ISLAND, immediately south of Fort Schuyler, on the Sound, 11 miles from the City, with a front on the Sound, 11 miles from the City. It contains about 60 acres, and has a splendid garden, orchard and fine buildings over them. The house is of wood, and has 12 rooms, with all the modern conveniences. The rest is in grass and all in a high state of cultivation. Situated on a point, with over half a mile of water front, commanding a grand and extensive view of Long Island Sound, and a large tract of natural growth, and with a marine view of unsurpassed beauty and extent. The mansion is large and convenient, and has a fine carpet; possession can be had at once; also, a new cottage, containing seven rooms, with a never-failing well of water, ice-house and large ice-house. The whole in fine order, well drained and perfectly healthy. The property is offered in three parts—the middle, about 30 acres, embracing grounds, garden, orchard and buildings; and the ones and west piece, having several fine building sites. The furniture of the house and the farming utensils will be sold if desired. Terms easy. Apply to JOHN CRYDER, No. 20 Pine-st., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

THE OWNERS OF A RIVERSIDE COTTAGE residence have indicated to me their willingness to sell, but I do not feel at liberty, under the spirit of my instructions to designate the property in an advertisement, even approximately. Gentlemen in earnest to purchase, however, may find it to their advantage to call on me; and gentlemen wishing or willing to sell, are respectfully solicited. But if it should be their pleasure to communicate me, the fact shall have the largest, or the least possible publicity, as they may desire.
WARD McLEAN,
(Late Field & McLean.)
No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

I OCCUPY A FINE HOUSE WITH 4 LOTS of ground in Brooklyn, E. D., which I built myself in 1857, at a cost of $16,000, and for which, with the two adjacent lots I was offered $20,000, before I moved into it. I now offer the entire property for sale with possession at once, at less than the cost of the house and lots only. It is three story brown stone, high stoop, 25x50, and strictly first-class in every respect. On the property is a fine garden with an abundance of every kind of fruit. For further particulars apply to WARD McLEAN, (late Field & McLean.) No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT NORTH ENGLEWOOD, NEW-JERSEY, FOR SALE OR LEASE, FOR TEN YEARS.—The whole or part of a farm of 100 acres, or 50 acres, or 25 acres, or 10 acres, known as the James Jay estate, 10 miles from New-York, running west from the Palisades into the valley, comprising meadow, grain and wood land. The Northern Railroad of New-Jersey passes through the property, which abounds with valuable building stone, and is very desirable for villa purposes; no incumbrances; a large per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to HENRY A. SWIFT, No. 29 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BRICK HOUSE AND SIX LOTS in Lafayette Village, Hudson County, N. J., one mile and a quarter from the ferry; cars leave every 20 minutes; house 25 feet front, 40 feet deep, 2½ stories, including all extension. 10 rooms, with gas and water throughout; the grounds face on three streets, and are well laid out with flowers and shrubbery and over fifty fruit trees; lawn, and cherry, grapes, &c. Inquire of JAMES JONES, No. 67 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, or F. J. DESCHUTT, on the premises, corner of Palisade-av. and Commissioner Road, Lafayette, N. J.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT AND COMMODIous residence of Charles A. Meigs, Esq., situated in the square of New-York-av. and Remsen-st., Bedford, Brooklyn, together with about sixteen lots of ground and stable. The house is about 40 feet square, and has 12 rooms. is elegantly finished, and replete with all the modern conveniences. Size of lots, 100x200 feet. The grounds are tastefully arranged with shrubbery and the choicest kinds of fruit, in great variety. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 40 Exchange-place, New-York.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION-SQUARE. THE very desirable property on the northwest corner of Irving-place and 17th-st. Lot 25x100. Apply to WARD McLEAN, (late Field & McLean.) No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES IN ONE OF THE most desirable locations in Brooklyn, twenty minutes' walk from the ferries, near three car routes, contiguous to each other; will sell separately or together. One a cottage house, containing 9 rooms, the other containing 14 rooms, in excellent order, replete with every convenience. Part of the furniture sold, if mutually agreeable. Apply to JOHN B. GARDINER, No. 246 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—ON CARLTON-av., between Lafayette and DeKalb-avs., three new and handsome three-story brown-stone houses, with all the modern improvements. Size of houses 20x46 feet, with extension 16x20 feet. Price $8,000. Part of purchase money to remain on bond and mortgage. Location most desirable. Must be sold to close business. Enquire of the builder on the premises.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A NEW TWO-story frame house, containing 7 rooms, with built gas and water, pleasantly situated on Bedford-av., near Willoughby, and two lots and block from Myrtle-av. cars. Price $2,500. Apply to ALEXANDER UNDERHILL, corner of Bedford and Park, or WILLIAM H. MARTIN, Franklin, near Myrtle.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE PLOT OF ground on Newtown Creek recently occupied by the undersigned for an oil refinery. There is a fine chimney and boiler, in perfect order, and bricks enough to rebuild a factory; a good water front of 200 feet, and entire access from the City, by ferry and railroad, in thirty minutes. HEYE BROTHERS, No. 30 Front-st.

FOR SALE.—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, the very comfortable, pleasant and attractive brick house, No. 7 Lamartine-pl., Fifth-av., between 19th and three-stories, with basement, gas and suburbans. Price $11,000. Apply to WARD McLEAN, (late Field & McLean.) No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

FOR SALE—NO. 40 EAST 20th-ST.—A FOUR-story house, with two-story dining-room extension; in complete order, and ready for immediate occupation; gas throughout; hot and cold water. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., or GEORGE A. ROBBINS, No. 54 William-st.

500 LOTS IN BROOKLYN—LATE WILLIAMSburgh.—For sale on easy terms, located between the East River and Sixth-av., North 7th-st. and Bushwick Creek; also, 11 block houses. Apply to H. J. HUNT, No. 113 4th-av., New-York; or to C. FOWLER, No. 70 North 9th-st., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—IN BEVOORT-PLACE, (16TH-ST., near Broadway, a three-story house with all the modern conveniences, in complete order, and will be sold with a large back building. Price $20,000. Possession immediately. For parties apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A MODERN BUILT FOUR-STORY and basement brown-stone front house, situated in a desirable neighborhood. The house is newly furnished in a handsome style, and will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is leaving the city. Address H., Box No. 3,243 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE.—A LARGE FAMILY MANSION, with lodge, grounds and stable attached, in the upper portion of the City; suitable for a large family or institution; would be sold with or without the furniture. Terms easy. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and villas to rent for the season or year. Apply to HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 189 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 46 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

A NEAT, FINE, THREE-STORY, HIGH stoop HOUSE—21x55 and extension, lot 100—for sale, (immediate possession,) on 26th-st., near 4th-av. Also, fine, four-story, high stoop, brown-stone house, 20x55, East 60th-st. W. F. SEYMOUR, No. 165 Broadway.

HOUSES OF MODERATE AND MEDIUM prices.—Buyers and sellers may find it to their advantage to communicate with WARD McLEAN,
(Late Field & McLean.)
No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

FOR SALE—POSSESSION NOV. 1—A DESIRable four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, 16 rooms, modern, &c., in 26th-st.,

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE SHORTEST TIME. DR. WARD & CO., No. 2 Chambers-st., New-York, (Basement.) Established for the cure of Private Diseases only. Consultation free. Medicines sent to any part of the country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 1.

For curing Stricture, from Forty-eighth to Forty-third street.

For curing Forty-third street, from Second to Third avenue.

For curing Thirty-third street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

For curing Twenty-third street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

For curing Sores on the Body, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Legs, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Arms, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Face, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Head, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Throat, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Nose, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Mouth, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Ears, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Eyes, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Hands, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Feet, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Private Parts, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Back, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Chest, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Stomach, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Bowels, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Kidneys, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Liver, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Lungs, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Heart, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Brain, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Spine, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Bones, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Joints, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Muscles, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Nerves, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Veins, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Arteries, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Blood, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Skin, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Flesh, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

For curing Sores on the Fat

IMPORTANT FROM THE SOUTH.

Reports from Chattanooga to Friday Last.

Fortress Monroe, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The Richmond Examiner, of the 26th instant, says:

"After two distinct efforts for the recapture of Chattanooga we have now the intelligence that the enemy is still in possession of that stronghold, and strengthening its works. While events lingering in Tennessee the situation in Northern Virginia has become critical. The enemy is preparing for a general attack on the line of the Rapidan and massing his forces at Culpepper. He is also reconnoitring and encroaching on the railroad and the river, and threatens a determination to fight."

REPORTED FROM ATLANTA.

Atlanta, Ga., Saturday, Sept. 26.

Several trains with wounded and prisoners have arrived.

Reports of the condition of affairs above are comforting. We are inclined to believe that the enemy are fortifying Chattanooga. Our lines are within four miles of that place. There was no fighting yesterday.

Gen. Rosecrans has sent in two flags of truce, asking permission to bury their dead, and relieve their wounded. Gen. Bragg rejected both of them.

FROM CHARLESTON.

A SPY HUNG.

The Examiner has this paragraph:

"Private Kellogg was hung as a deserter and spy at Camp Lee yesterday."

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

St. Louis, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

A special dispatch to the *Democrat* from Leavenworth says:

Authentic advices have been received at Leavenworth from Washington to the effect that Kansas will be made a separate department, under Gen. Curtis.

Five days later advices from Western Arkansas say the rebels Cooper and Holmes are encamped on Cowskin Prairie, with 7,000 men. Kirby Smith is at Arkadelphia with the main body of the rebel army, which is said to number 25,000 men. Gen. Curtis, with Texas troops and Arkansas conscripts, has joined him.

A powder-mill at Arkadelphia, containing upward of 100,000 kegs of powder, exploded on the 16th. This loss is regarded as fatal by the rebels.

Utopia disaffection exists with Kirby Smith. Gen. Cooper is regarded as the best man in the State.

Gov. Stone is at Fort Scott organizing new Kansas regiments, which he expects to lead into Texas in a few days.

Negroes are arriving here in large numbers to join Kansas colored regiments.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Fortress Monroe, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The flag-of-truce boat *New-York*, in charge of Maj. Mintzen, arrived from City Point this evening, with 200 Union soldiers.

The News in the Richmond papers appears to be meagre and of minor importance. The editorials are hopeful, but cage the most strenuous exertions to redeem Chattanooga and repel the expected advance of Meade.

Arrest of Disloyal Editors at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The proprietors and editors of the *Gazette*, formerly known as the *Exchange*, and then the *News Knot*, were ordered to be arrested to-day for the publication of disloyal sentiments. A guard was sent to seize the establishment. Only one of the proprietors (Mr. Edward Cantzo) was found there, who was arrested. Mr. Neilson was not found. Mr. Wm. H. Carpenter, editor of the paper, was also absent, and neither have yet been arrested.

The following parties were also arrested by the military to-day: Michael Kelly and N. B. Pate, of the firm of Hanna & Pate. The charge is selling the publication entitled "Fourteen Months' Experience in the American Bastile, by Fabius Kirk, Esq."

Personal.

St. Louis, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The Democrat's Springfield special says it was stated and believed among the army men there that Maj.-Gen. Pope would be assigned to the command of the Department of Missouri.

Gov. Yates leaves to-night for Ohio, where he will speak to the Union men.

Gen. Pope is now in St. Louis.

From Missouri.

Leavenworth, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Gov. Gamble having authorized Col. Moss, of Liberty, Mo., to arm men to Fight and Citizen Conscription, he has armed mostly returned rebel soldiers and men under bonds, and his men are now driving Unionmen out of Missouri. Over 100 families crossed the river to-day. Many of the wives of our Union soldiers have been compelled to leave, and four or five Union men have been murdered by Moss' men.

The Columbia County Fair.

Hudson, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The fair of the Columbia County Agricultural and Horticultural Association opened to-day with entire success. The entries were very creditable in all the departments. The attendance has been larger than on the first day of any previous Fair of the Association, the total receipts amounting to more than $1,500. There is every prospect of fine weather the next two days and of corresponding success to this truly prosperous Association.

The Draft in Albany—Court of Appeals.

Albany, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

The draft in this city was completed to-day—1,443 names having been drawn. Those for the remainder of the county and part of Schoharie County will be drawn to-morrow.

The following is the Calendar of the Court for to-morrow (Wednesday):

Nos. 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 14.

LAW REPORTS.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—No. 9 preferred, Nos. 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 not reached.

CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Nos. 2368, 2377, 2382, 2383½, 2389, 2749, 2846, 2877, 2891, 121, 875, 709, 909, 1633, 2392, 845, 847, 2880, 2883½. *Part II.*—Adjourned for the Term.

The Secretary of State Called upon to Defend Himself.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Clerke.

George W. Jones vs. William H. Seward.—This action was commenced by the plaintiff a short time since for the recovery of damages for an alleged illegal and arbitrary arrest, caused by the defendant in his capacity as Secretary of State.

The plaintiff was formerly United States Minister to Bogota, and afterward Senator from Iowa.

The following is the warrant upon which the arrest was made and under which the plaintiff was then confined in Fort Lafayette:

"The Hon. George W. Jones, late Minister to Bogota and late Senator in Congress from Iowa, leaves here this afternoon for New-York Hotels. Arrest and send him to Fort Lafayette. W. H. SEWARD."

Dated, Washington, Dec. 16, 1861.

A motion was now argued before the Court to remove the case to the United States Circuit Court under the recent act of Congress.

It was argued in opposition to the motion that the act of Congress directing the State Courts of jurisdiction of causes of action arising under their jurisdiction was unconstitutional, that no act of Congress could divest a State Court of its right to entertain jurisdiction in such action, and that such act was merely remedial in its nature.

Decision reserved.

James T. Brady and W. C. Traphagen for the motion.

John Mollens opposed.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Bankers and Office Quotations—Commercial—Stocks—Exchange—Specie—Bullion.

$4,000 U. S. 6s, '81, Cou. 107 | 200 Hud. River R. 122
10,000 Treas. 7-30 D. N. ..... | 200 122
Notes, Feb. & Aug. 103½ | 200 ..... 122⅛
2,000 Amer. Gold ..... 143 | 100 Clev. & P. R. 93
50,000 ..... 143⅜ | 200 ..... 93⅛
50,000 ..... 143⅝ | 200 ..... 93⅜
200 Comm. Coal Prf ..... 30¼ | 300 Cal. & Chic. R. 100
100 ..... b10 31 | 100 ..... 100⅛
100 Cent. Am. Tel. Co. ..... 5 | 200 M. & M. R. 71
25 Pacific Mail ..... s30 210 | 100 ..... 70⅞
100 N. Y. Cen. R. ..... 124⅞ | 1000 ..... 70¾
1400 ..... 124⅝ | 200 ..... 70⅝
40 ..... 124⅜ | 200 ..... 70⅜
2,000 ..... 124¾ | 100 Ill. Cen. R. 113⅝
200 Erie Railroad ..... 53 | 200 ..... 113⅝
100 ..... s30 53⅛ | 200 ..... 113½
100 Erie R. Prf. ..... 108 | 100 ..... 113⅜
200 Hudson R. R. ..... 113 | 100 Mich. S. & N. I. 73
Chicago R. R. ..... 113⅛ | 100 ..... 73⅛
100 Har. Railroad ..... 136 | 200 Mil. & P. Du C. 67⅛
200 ..... 136 | 50 Alt. & T. H. 89
200 ..... 144 | 100 Chi. & Alt. R. 29
400 Reading R. ..... s30 116¾ | 50 Mar. & Chi. 1st Prf 67½

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000 U. S. 6s, '81, Cou. 107 | 200 Mich. Cen. R. b30 121¼
10,000 Treas. 7-30 D. N. ..... | 700 ..... 120⅝
Notes, Feb. & Aug. 103⅝ | 64 ..... 120⅞
2,000 Amer. Gold ..... 143 | 100 Clev. & P. R. 93
50,000 ..... 143⅝ | 400 ..... 93⅛
50,000 ..... 143¾ | 200 ..... 93⅜
200 Comm. Coal Prf ..... 30¼ | 300 Cal. & Chic. R. 100
100 ..... b10 31 | 100 ..... 100⅛
100 Cent. Am. Tel. Co. ..... 5 | 200 M. & M. R. 71
25 Pacific Mail ..... s30 210 | 100 ..... 70⅞
100 N. Y. Cen. R. ..... 124⅞ | 1000 ..... 70¾
1400 ..... 124⅝ | 200 ..... 70⅝
40 ..... 124⅜ | 200 ..... 70⅜
2,000 ..... 124¾ | 100 Ill. Cen. R. 113⅝
200 Erie Railroad ..... 53 | 200 ..... 113⅝
100 ..... s30 53⅛ | 200 ..... 113½
100 Erie R. Prf. ..... 108 | 100 ..... 113⅜
200 Hudson R. R. ..... 113 | 100 Mich. S. & N. I. 73
Chicago R. R. ..... 113⅛ | 100 ..... 73⅛
100 Har. Railroad ..... 136 | 200 Mil. & P. Du C. 67⅛
200 ..... 136 | 50 Alt. & T. H. 89
200 ..... 144 | 100 Chi. & Alt. R. 29
400 Reading R. ..... s30 116¾ | 50 Mar. & Chi. 1st Prf 67½

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

100 Comm. Coal ..... s3 31 | 200 Reading R. s3 116⅛
500 ..... 31 | 600 ..... 116⅜
50 Quentz H. M. Co. ..... 63 | 100 ..... 116⅝
35 ..... s30 63½ | 100 ..... 116¾
700 ..... 63½ | 200 N. S. & N. I. 73
500 Bucks Co. Land ..... b30 2 | 200 ..... 73⅛
100 N. Y. Cen. R. ..... s3 124⅞ | 100 ..... 73¼
300 ..... 124⅝ | 200 ..... 73⅜
200 ..... 124⅜ | 200 ..... 73⅝
200 ..... s10 124½ | 200 ..... 73¾
200 ..... 124⅝ | 200 ..... 73⅞
200 ..... 124⅜ | 200 74
200 ..... 124⅝ | 200 ..... 74⅛
1000 Erie Railroad ..... 107 | 200 ..... 74¼
1000 ..... s30 107⅛ | 1200 124
100 ..... 107⅜ | 1200 ..... 124⅛
200 ..... 107⅝ | 1200 ..... 124¼
200 ..... s30 107¾ | 200 Cal. & Chi. R. b10 100
1450 Hudson R. R. ..... 113⅝ | 200 Clev. & Tol. b3 111⅛
400 ..... 113⅞ | 100 ..... 111⅜
200 ..... 114 | 100 ..... 111½
100 ..... 114⅛ | 100 ..... 111⅝
200 Harlem R. ..... 14⅜ | 100 Mich. & Mo. R. 21⅞
1000 ..... 14⅝ | 100 ..... 21¾
1000 ..... 14¾ | 200 Chic. & N. W. 34
400 Harlem R. ..... s3 14⅞ | 200 ..... 34⅛
200 ..... 14⅞ | 200 ..... 34¼
200 ..... 144 | 200 Ill. Cen. R. 113⅝
200 ..... 144 | 200 ..... 113⅝
200 Mich. Cen. R. ..... s30 138⅛ | 50 T. H. & Alt. Prf. b10 89

TUESDAY, Sept. 29—P. M.

The Court of Appeals of the State of New-York, in term at Albany this morning, rendered two very important decisions, affirming the validity of United States Notes of legal-tender *as lawful money of the United States*, receivable the same as Gold and Silver, in payment of all debts, public and private, except for United States Customs and from the Government in payment of interest on so much of the Public Debt which Congress has declared shall be paid exclusively in Specie. The first case decided was made by the Bank Department of New-York against the Metropolitan and Shoe and Leather Banks of this City, to compel the payment of their notes of circulation in Specie instead of United States Notes, which were tendered to the holder of their notes before protest. The Court affirmed the decision of the Court below against the Bank Department. In other words, it is made the supreme law of the State of New-York that all demands upon the Banks of this State, including the demand for the payment of their notes of circulation, may be paid in United States Notes *as a legal tender*, and lawful Money of the United States. The Second case was made by John J. Roosevelt, of this City, (late of the Supreme Court,) against Lewis H. Meyer, to compel the substitution of Gold for United States Notes, which Meyer tendered in satisfaction of a mortgage, made and dated prior to the passage of the Act of Congress of Feb. 25, 1862, creating these Notes of legal tender. The Court of Appeals, in this case, reverse the decision of the Court below in favor of Roosevelt, or in other words, decide that Meyer had the right to pay off the mortgage held by Roosevelt in United States Notes, as lawful Money of the United States, in payment of all mortgages and other debts, whether contracted before or since the Act of Congress creating such Notes as legal tender.

Altogether, these decisions in their scope and bearing could not have been made more comprehensive. They are, of course, final. The learned bench stood six to two. We presume that our City Banks, which, under some vague apprehension that this decision might be otherwise, have of late reduced their own Circulation from eight and a half down to less than five and a half millions, will now run up their issues again to something like the sum total of State and United States securities, which they have in pledge, in the Bank Department. The General Banking Law, as amended last Winter, would authorize the pledge of a much larger sum of United States Stocks, say two dollars to one of New-York State Stocks, in place of half-and-half, as heretofore.

The price of Gold went up to-day to 145@145¼ ₱ cent. as against 130¾@140¼ yesterday afternoon. This sudden large advance gave rise to numerous rumors or surmises on the Street as to the cause. The present quiet in actual military news, East and West, is favorable, of course, to the spread of rumored news; so that the capture of Burnside, the danger to Rosecrans and the weakness of Meade, were variously circulated as accounting for the rise in Gold. The more practical or business-like reasons were found in the recent continued daily demand for Customs and Export, and the failure to-day of a large speculator for the fall in Gold, whose outstanding contracts, thus defaulted upon, threw other parties suddenly short about half a million of dollars. The rates of Exchange on London went up to 157½@158¾ ₱ cent. There was not much done for the Boston steamer's mail, owing to the unsettled nature of the market for Gold.

The feeling in Bank circles to-day, on the decisions of the Court of Appeals, which settle United States Notes unlawful money, is favorable to a quiet and easy market, and loans to the Brokers are made, on the rule of the Street, at 6 ₱ cent. for collaterals of Gold and Mortgages secured on Real Estate, the notice of the Court will probably have the effect, either of reducing the rate of interest on old Mortgages, to prevent their being paid off in legal-tender paper, or else a change of investment to United States Funded Stock, the interest on which is exclusively in Gold and Silver.

The Stock Market is firm to-day. Government Stocks and Treasury paper continue in demand. The Railway Shares are generally higher than on Monday, and although the speculative feeling on the Street is not so generally buoyant as though the Summer rise in Stocks, there is an improved confidence since the close of last week, and the effect of the Michigan Southern difficulty is less noticed on other Railways like New-York Central, Erie, Reading, Illinois Central, Galena and Rock Island. At the Second Board this afternoon, and afterward on the Street, the following prices were made as compared with Monday afternoon—the general market leaving off steady:

	Sept. 28.	Sept. 29.		Sept. 28.	Sept. 29.
Gold Coin	140¾	145¾	Harlem Pref.	120	131
U. S. 6s, 1881	107	107	Mich. Central	119¾	120
N. Y. Central	124	124¾	Mich. Southern	70	71¾
Erie	106¾	106¾	Mich. Southern's	120	120
Erie Preferred	108¾	108¾	Illinois Central	113¾	114
Hudson River	113	113⅜	Pittsburgh	90	100
Pacific Mail	213½	215	Fort Wayne	82	85
Harlem	14¼	14⅜	Rock Island	110	109¾
Canton	31¾	32	Galena	105¾	106¾
Pref'd do Chicago	85	85	Chicago & Alton	117¾	118
Treas. 7-30s, new	103¼	103⅝	Quicksilver	63¼	63½
Toledo	117½	117	Chicago and A.	70	69

The subscriptions to the Popular Loan in this market to-day amount to $802,950.

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States is as follows: Total receipts, $4,567,067 92, including for Customs $236,494 97; payments, $4,268,635 26. Balance, $25,829,472 62.

The Stocks connected with the Anthracite Coal Trade continue to feel the influence of the prosperity and high prices of the trade, and the greatly increased tonnage of the roads and canals engaged as Coal-carriers. The tonnage passed through the Delaware and Hudson Canal this season, to the present date, is 1,033,000 tons, as against 783,000 tons to same time last year. The tonnage of the Reading Road is still more remarkable—2,397,000 tons to present date, against 1,751,000 to same period last season, which season was unprecedented for activity in the previous history of the road. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company held their monthly sale of Coal to-day, at Gilpin's News Room, in Exchange-place, the prices realized being $1 20@$1 30 ₱ ton above the August sale, as follows:

2,000 tons stove coal ..... @7 65 @7 82
2,000 tons nut coal ..... 7 75 @ 7 92
2,000 tons grate coal ..... 7 80 @ 7 20
2,000 tons steamboat coal ..... 7 60 @ 7 65
7,000 tons lump coal ..... 7 37½@ 7 40
2,000 tons chestnut coal ..... 6 95 @ 6 62½

25,000 tons.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares: The half-yearly October dividend of the Shoe and Leather Bank is 4 ₱ cent., and the same of the old National Bank:

New-York	120	Ocean	94
Manhattan	140	Am. Exchange	106
Union	113	Bank of N. America	105
America	123	Metropolitan	119
City	118	Shoe & Leather	110
New River	100	Corn Exchange	100
Tradesmen's	110	Continental	99
Greenwich	161	St. Nicholas	100
Butchers & Drovers'	125	Marine	155
Mechanics' Bank'g	98	Commonwealth	100
Commerce	103¼	Park	120
Mechan. Bank'g Ass'n	95		

And the following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	106	Al. & T. H. 2d mort	68
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R'd Bd.	103½	Al. & T. H. 2d Bd	67
N. Y. Cen. 7s	107	Chi. & R. I. 6s	93
Erie thirds, '83	111¾	Chi. & N. W. Sinks	69½
Erie fourths, '80	108¾	Chi. & N. W. Sinks	69
Erie fifths, '85	107	Chi. & N. W. 6s	69
Buf. N. Y. & E. firsts, '77	103	Chi. & N. W. 7s	80
Buf. N. Y. & E. 7s	108	Chi. & R. I. 7s	90
Hud. R. thirds, '75	122	Chi. & R. I. 2d mort	85
Har. firsts, '60 & '72	111	Gal. & Chic. Extd	114
Har. seconds, '66	101	Gal. & Chi. seconds	105
Harlem thirds, '63	101	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	112
Mich. C. new 1st, '82	122	Clev. & Pitts. R.	120
Michigan S. seconds	108½	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	109
Mich. Southern Long, '98	103	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2d	98
M. S. & L. 1st	113	Clev. & Pitts. Sinks	109
Ill. Central, '75	113⅜	Clev. & Pitts. Sinks	93
Al. & T. H. 1st	102	Miss. & Mo., 1, G.	93½

The Chicago and Alton Railroad Company earned the week ending Sept. 26:

	1863.	1862.
Passengers	$15,415 20	$12,179 21
Freight	29,068 03	22,704 53
Sundries	1,189 22	947 03
Total	$46,672 45	$35,815 77

The following is a statement of the earnings of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railway, for week ending Sept. 21, 1863:

	1863.	1862.
Freight	$33,323 26	$21,272 79
Passengers	4,350 73	7,065 26
Mails and Rents	900 00	1,055 92
Total	$37,580 00	$29,394 97

The earnings of the Toledo and Wabash Railroad for the third week in September were:

	1863.	1862.
Passengers	$4,971 25	$5,505 05
Freight	35,606 25	20,369 60
Total	$40,577 50	$27,875 65

The Cleveland and Toledo Company have declared a half-yearly dividend of 4 ₱ cent., payable October 26. The traffic of the six months nets 6 ₱ cent. to the Stock, after paying expenses, interest on the debt and rent of the Cleveland and Columbus track.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods (exclusive of Specie) were to the value of $3,298,900, against $3,870,460 same week last year, and $3,042,533 the corresponding week of 1861.

The aggregate of the Philadelphia Banks at the last weekly statements show the following changes, as compared with last week:

Decrease of Loans	$900,293
Increase of Specie	12,988
Decrease of Deposits	536,252
Decrease of Circulation	256
Decrease of United States Notes	138,070

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE PHILADELPHIA BANKS.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Deposits.	Circulation.
Philadelphia	$4,606,889	$646,000	$3,889,000	$146,000
North America	2,482,849	280,000	2,524,000	122,120
Farmers & Mech.	3,119,000	580,346	3,276,000	82,000
Commercial	2,170,000	149,000	1,954,000	101,000
Mechanics'	2,583,000	167,620	1,976,000	139,120
N. Liberties	1,070,000	221,000	1,410,000	72,000
Southwark	1,303,851	170,000	1,237,000	54,000
Kensington	1,253,000	115,000	1,234,000	150,310
Penn Township	1,006,329	112,000	946,379	48,710
Western	2,121,464	314,632	2,202,010	61,800
Man. & Mech.	1,316,726	144,732	1,365,793	219,793
Commerce	815,150	125,160	890,048	31,200
Girard	2,170,000	285,000	2,204,000	38,440
Tradesmen's	564,000	60,000	749,000	32,000
Consolidation	1,005,971	160,945	868,978	284,300
City	1,370,000	180,000	1,276,000	204,000
Commonwealth	696,953	93,000	497,180	127,761
Corn Exchange	1,427,000	84,000	1,195,000	64,000
Union	2,000,000	80,000	1,600,000	284,000
First National	250,000	.....	144,000	.....
Total, Sept. 21	39,403,213	4,116,435	32,403,787	3,224,574
Total, Sept. 14	40,316,506	4,108,761	32,939,980	3,224,830

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1863—5 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 17 bbls. Ashes, 7,250 bbls. Flour, 50 bags Corn Meal, 24,663 bushels Wheat, 107,-926 bushels Corn, 2,425 bushels Barley, 1,500 bushels Oats, 1,283 bushels Malt, 660 pkgs. Provisions, and 891 bbls. Whiskey.

ASHES—Continue in moderate demand, including Pots at 6⅞@6⅞ ₱ lb., and Pearls at 7⅝@7⅝ ₱ lb.

BEESWAX—Western Yellow Bee lately sold in at 25c.@26c. ₱ lb.

CANDLES—Have been in moderate request, at former prices. Adamantine, 9@12c.; plain Sperm, 35c.@37c.; pressed, do. 44c.@45c. ₱ lb.

CHEMICALS—Are in good demand at former prices.

COAL—At Anthracite, to-day, 2,000 tons were sold, including 1,000 tons Shore at $7 75@8 25 ₱ ton; 1,000 tons Lehigh at $7 75@8 25; 1,000 tons Grate at $7 25@7 50; 1,000 tons Stove at $7 50@8 25; 2,000 tons Lehigh at $7 75@8 25; and 2,000 tons Cheapest at $6 75@8 25 ₱ ton.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request at former prices. Sales of Rio during the past week were 2,977 bags, in lots to the trade, including about 2,000 bags on private terms. Stock of Rio in bonded warehouse, 31,170 packages, including 27,000 bags Rio and Santos, 2,000 bags Ceylon, 250 bags Maracaibo, and 1,000 bags of other kinds. Java closes at 27½c. Laguayra and Maracaibo, 30c.@32½c. Mocha, 32½c. Laguayra and Maracaibo, 30c.@32½c. Mocha, 32c.@33c. ₱ lb.

STOCK OF RIO

Sept. 26—Baltimore, bags	2,000
Sept. 29—New-York, bags	50,316
Grand total, bags	53,316

COPPER—Refined Ingot has been in more demand at 31c.@32½c. ₱ lb. Other kinds have been quiet, but firm.

COTTON—Is in good demand, and held with increased firmness. Middlings, 62c.@63c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales, since our last, 1,300 bales.

DYEWOODS—Are quiet at former rates.

EARTHENWARE—Stocks are limited, and the demand is fair; prices favor sellers.

FEATHERS—Have been in slack request at former rates. Good to prime Live Geese, 60c.@65c. ₱ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Sales and Western Flour were more active, at an advance of 10c.@20c. ₱ bbl., early in the day, but closed heavily with a downward tendency, in response to frustrations in Gold and Sterling Exchange. Sales since our last, 22,000 bbls., including Unsound, at $4 05@$5 40 for Superfine State and Western, at $5 20@$6 60 for good to choice extra State, at $5 70@$6 25, chiefly at $5 90@$6 10; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $6 10@$6 35 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western ..... $5 20 @$5 60
Extra State ..... 5 75 @ 6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c. ..... 5 75 @ 6 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brds. ..... 6 10 @ 6 25
Extra Ohio, trade brands ..... 6 35 @ 6 60
Extra Genesee ..... 6 25 @ 6 60
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri ..... 5 15 @ 6 25
Southern Flour is less plenty and in good demand, arriving prices. Sales since our last, 1,000 bbls. at $5 05@$5 50 for poor to good superfine, $5 55@$6 15 for fancy to choice do., and $6 15@$6 25 for very superior family brands. ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour favors sellers decidedly. Sales, 1,250 bbls. Extra, at $5 60@$7 65 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues in demand at $3 75@$5 50 for fine and superfine. ₱ bbl.; sales, 450 bbls. Corn Meal is in active request at $4 30 for Jersey, and $4 75 for Marsh's Caloric, and $4 60@$5 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 600 bbls. Also, 20 puncheons Brandywine, at $23 50 each.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Continue in moderate demand at full prices.

FRUIT—The demand has been less active for the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins at $4 25@$4 40; bunch do., at $4 20@$4 25 ₱ box. Currants, 14½c.@14¾c. ₱ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat was in more demand at advanced prices early in the day, but closed tamely, though the principal holders were reluctant to make any important concessions from extreme rates. Sales since our last, 130,000 bushels, including choice old and new White Western at $1 65; Amber Western at $1 39@$1 41—the latter rate above the market; Red Western at $1 23@$1 27; inferior do. at $1 20; Amber Lower and Winnemac, at $1 30@$1 35, and choice new for Green Bay, Milwaukee Club at $1 14@$1 27; Chicago Spring at $1 04@$1 16, and choice new do. at $1 20 ₱ bushel. Corn opened briskly and buoyantly, but closed heavily, sales have been reported of 240,000 bushels, partly to arrive and from store, at 97c.@99c., closing at 97½c.@98c. for sound Mixed Western afloat; 95c.@97c. for unsound do.; 92c. for Yellow Western and White do. ₱ bush. Rye continues scarce and inactive, at $1 04@$1 10, according to quality, ₱ bushel. Oats are in good demand, including Canada at 65c.@67c., Western at 67c.@73c., State at 70c.@73c. ₱ bushel. Barley sold to the extent of 12,000 bushels State and Canada at $1 20@$1 35 ₱ bushel. Barley Malt rules quiet at former prices—$1 05@$1 20 ₱ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Are in limited demand, at 18½c.@19c., and 15c.@15½c., respectively.

HAY—North River Bale has been in good request, at 90c.@$1 15 for new, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are more abundant, and in less demand, at 18c.@23c. for last year's crop, and 22c.@26c. for new, ₱ lb. Mr. C. J. Tuzzle, in his circular for the Arabia, says: "The accounts from the growing districts do not change materially from those already published. The yield is estimated to be 60 to 65,000 bales, against 85 to 90,000 bales last year. Of this yield it is becoming a grave question whether there will really be as much secured for sale as last year. Already many of our brewers are becoming alarmed lest exporters should secure the whole, and leave them only the inferior qualities. Prices are consequently opening very high, strictly prime commanding 27c.@28c., while inferior new crop can be bought as low as 15c. The crop of 1862, of which about 5,000 bales remain over, are attracting attention, and good qualities of these command 20c.@24c. The receipts of the new crop have been quite limited, not exceeding in all 600 bales."

HEMP—Is quiet, but held very firmly; Manila, 11c.@11½c. ₱ lb. Sales, 300 bales.

HIDES—Are in moderate demand and quoted steady.

IRON—Continues in fair demand, at advancing prices. Scotch Pig, $36@$37; Common English Bar, $70@$72 50; Refined do. do., $80@$82 50 ₱ ton; Russian Sheet, 17½c.@18c. ₱ lb.

LEAD—Pig has been in more request, and quoted up to 5½ 50@5½ 75 ₱ 100 lbs.

LEATHER—All descriptions have been in good demand at somewhat firmer prices.

MOLASSES—Sales since our last, privately and by auction, 270 bbls. New-Orleans at 35c.@35c., and 375 hhds., bbls., &c., Cuba Muscovado, part at 32c.@35c. ₱ gallon. Market firm.

NAILS—Continue in request, including cut at 4½c. @4¾c., and clinch at 5½c.@6c. ₱ lb.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in moderate demand, including Spirits Turpentine at 56 75@63 50 ₱ gallon; Resin, $3 25@$3 50 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar, $7 12½@$7 75 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Have been less active, but generally very firm at our revised quotations. Crude Whale at 62c.@63c.; do. Sperm at $1 05@$1 08; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 05½@$1 08; Unbleached Sperm, $1 20@$1 30 ₱ gallon. Linseed, $1 25@$1 29; No. 1 Lard at 67½c.@$1 03; City Red Dye, 62c.@70c.; Olive, at $1 75@$2 25; Palm, 9½c.@10c.; Castor, 64c.@65c.; Rosin, $2 50@$3 50 ₱ bbl. Petroleum has been without important change during the week, fluctuating a little with the changes in the gold market, but on the whole, has been steady at 58c.@60c. for Refined, and 30c.@37c. for Crude. The export demand still continues, and there is a marked improvement in the home demand. The stocks of Crude is estimated at 150,000 bbls., and of Refined, 80,000 bbls. The following are the receipts at and the exports from New-York, of Petroleum, for the week and since Jan. 1:

	For the W'k.	Since Jan. 1.
Receipts of Petroleum	16,716	574,373
Exports of Petroleum	11,950	335,655

NEW-ENGLAND MARKETS, WEEK ENDED SEPT. 26.

Sperm—The transactions in Sperm for the week include sales of two parcels, amounting to 660 bbls. for export, at a price not transpired, and 70 bbls. for manufacturing at 61 45 ₱ gallon. *Whale*—Continues in good demand with an export tendency. The sales for the week amount to 3,610 bbls. for manufacturing. We quote: 100 bbls. at 90c., 1,500 do. at 92c., 750 do. at 93½c., 200 do. at 93c., 250 do. at 94c., and 600 do. at 96c. ₱ gallon. The market closes with further inquiry.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Sperm. Bbls.	Whale. Bbls.	Lbs.
From Jan. 1 to Sept. 26, 1863	31,644	51,140	350,450
Same time last year	44,660	36,198	645,150

(Compiled from Whalemen's *Shipping List*.

OIL CAKE AND MEAL—Have been in fair request at full prices.

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence during the past week were quite heavy, having amounted to 120,000 pieces, and including, according to the *Journal*, 5,000 pieces, 52x56, at 13¾c.; 2,000 do., 40x36, 13¾c.; 6,000 do., 36x36, 13½c.; 4,000 do., 36x64, private terms; 3,000 do., 60x64, 14½c.; 14,000 do., 60x64, 14¾c.; 10,000 do., 56x56, 14¾c.; 4,000 do., 64x64, 14¾c.; 5,000 do., 64x64, 15c., heavy; 15,000 do., 64x64, 15c.; 10,000 do., 60x60, 15c.; 10,000 do., 60x64, 15c.; 10,000 do., 64x64